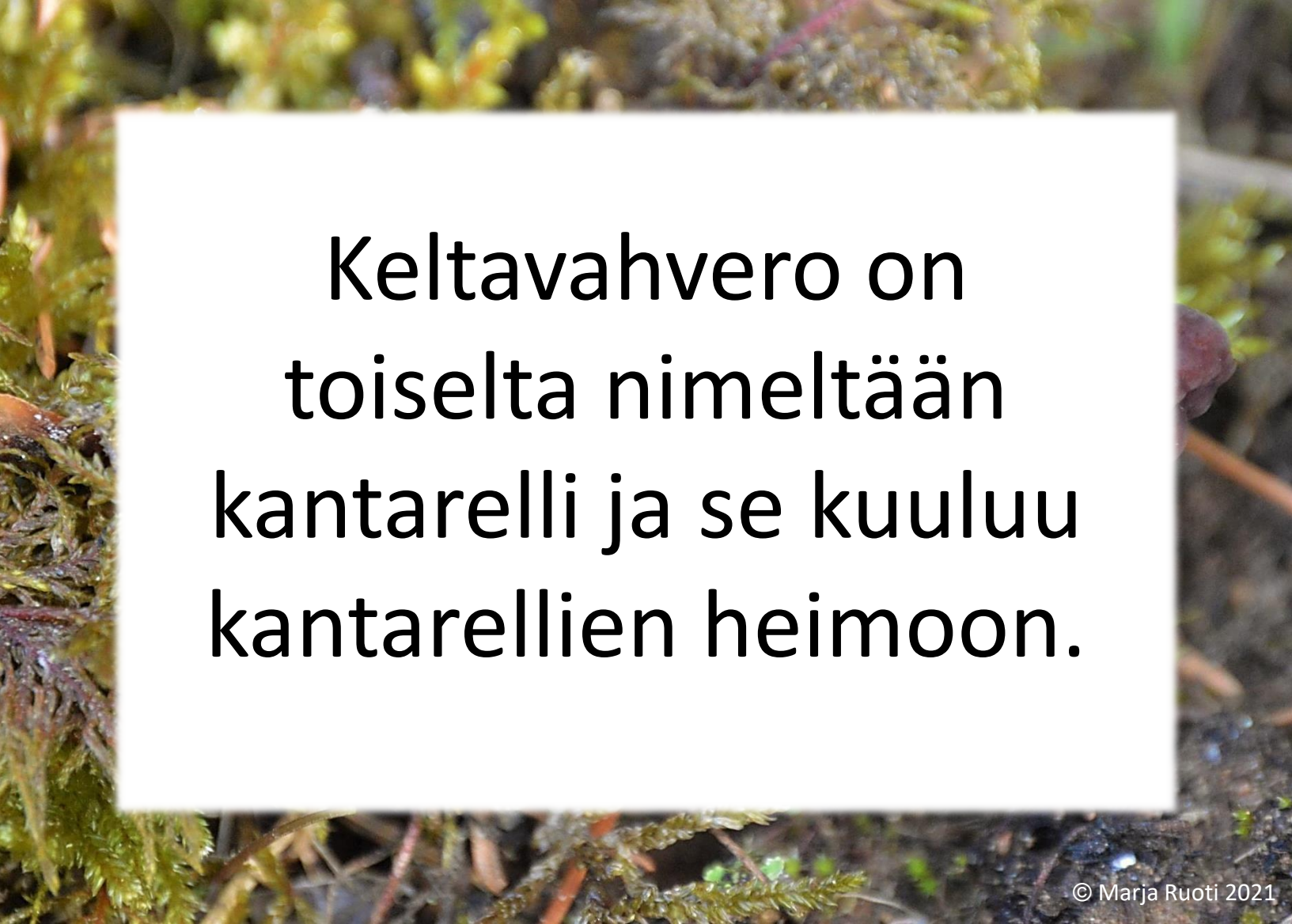


SIENI- VISA 1

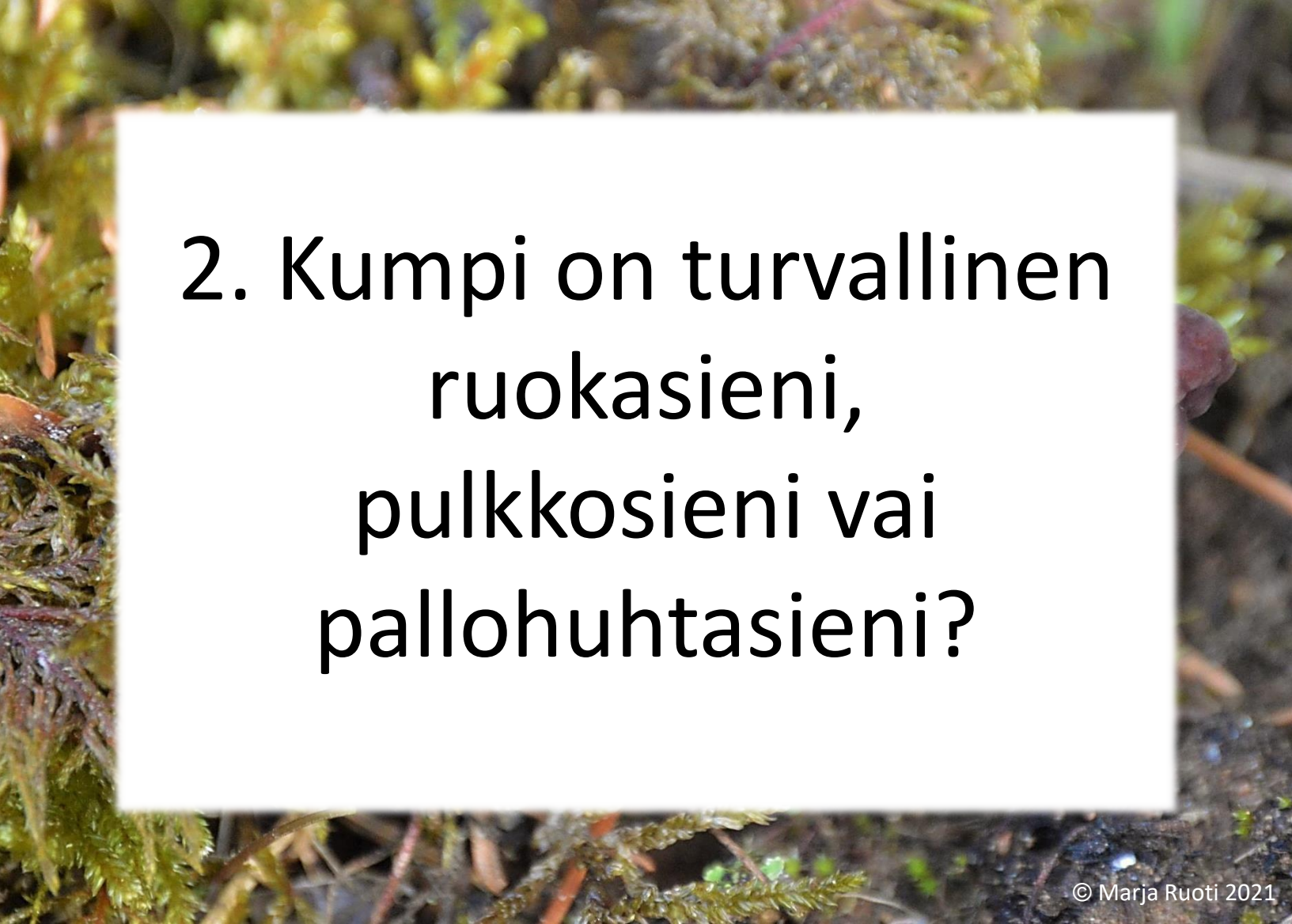


Noppa
perhonen

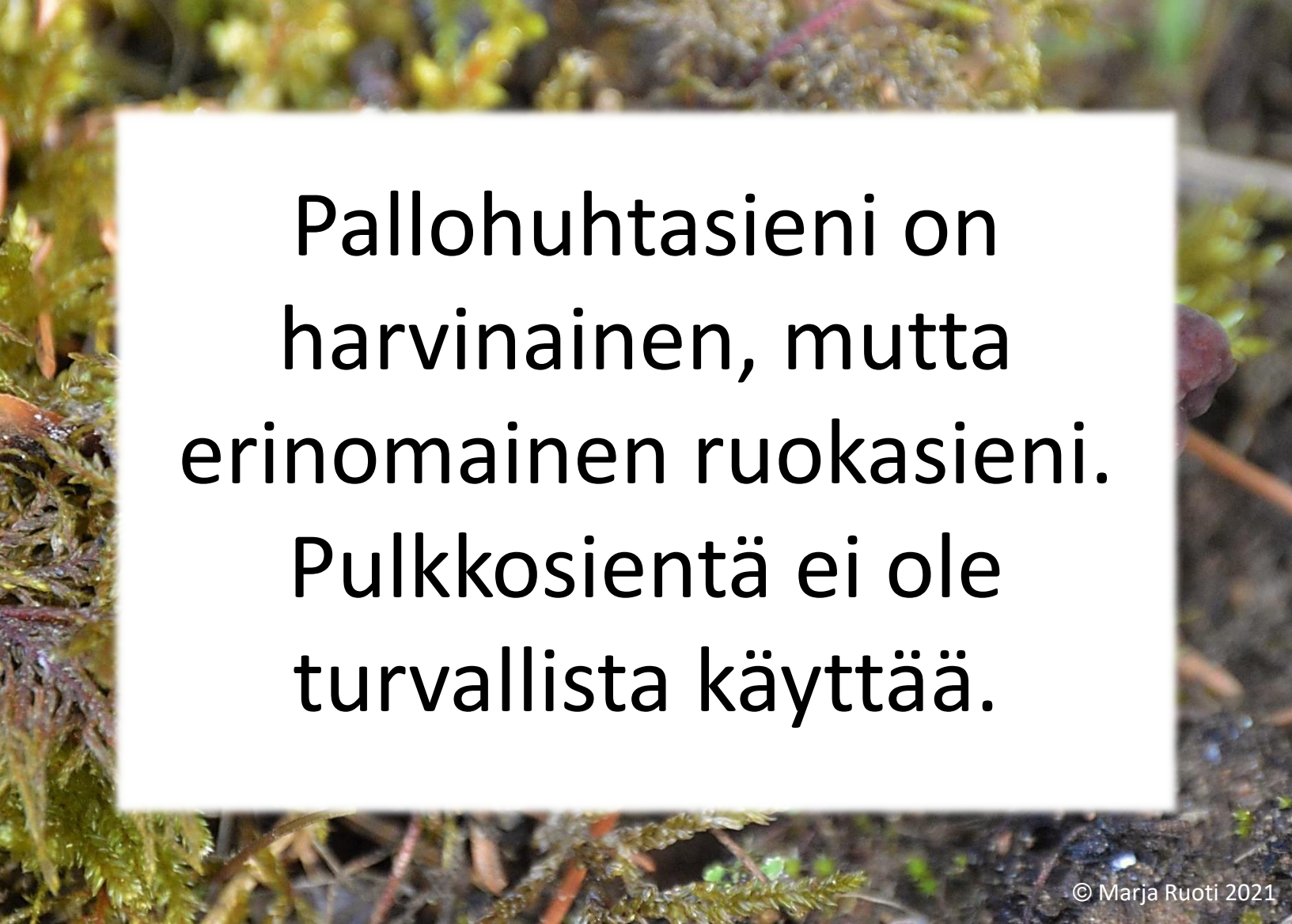
1. Kumpaa sientä sanotaan kantarelliksi, kultarouskua vai keltavahveroa?



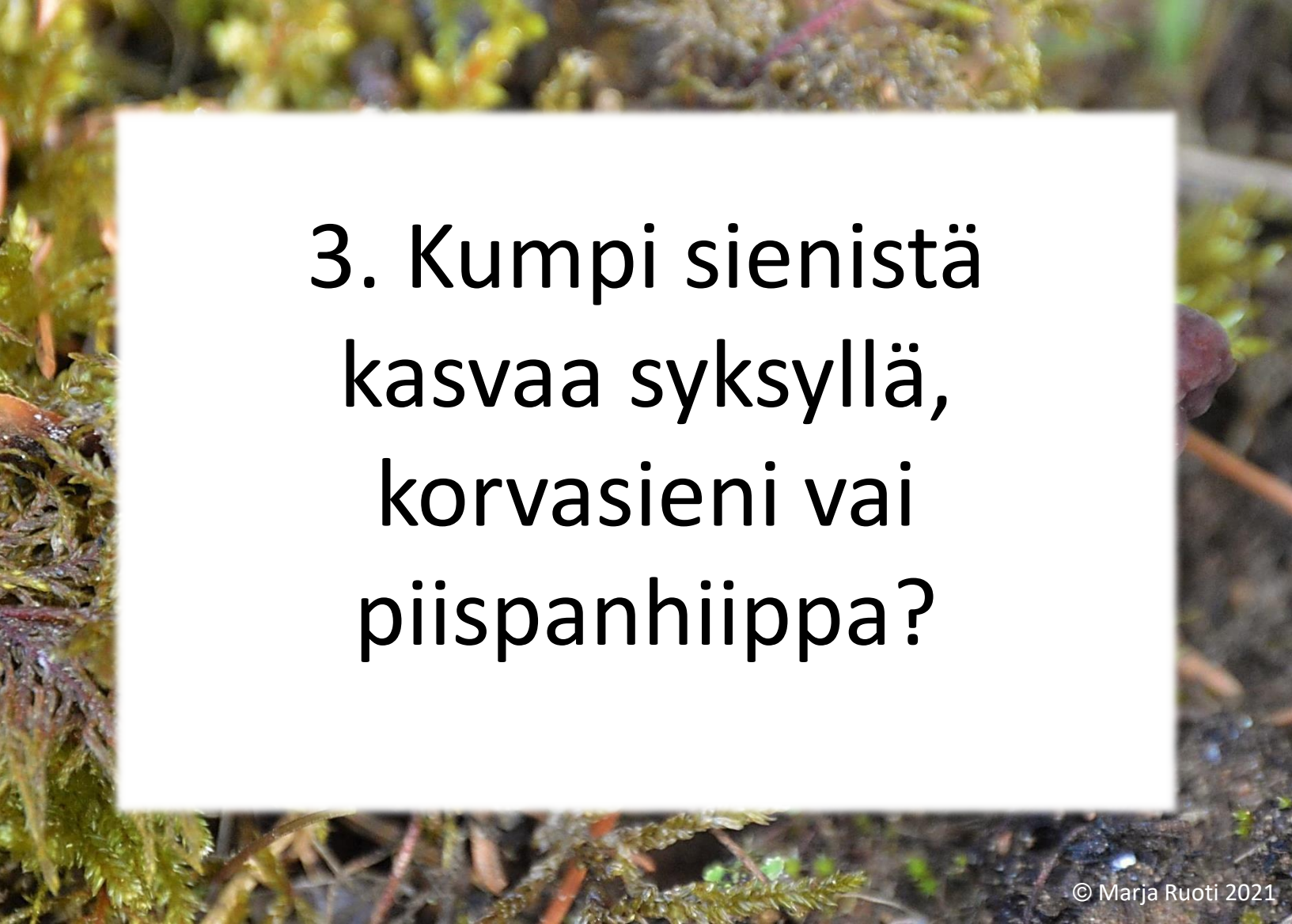
Keltavahvero on
toiselta nimeltään
kantarelli ja se kuuluu
kantarellien heimoon.

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows a dense carpet of moss in various shades of green and yellow-green, interspersed with small twigs, pine needles, and dark soil. The lighting is natural, highlighting the textures of the moss and the forest debris.

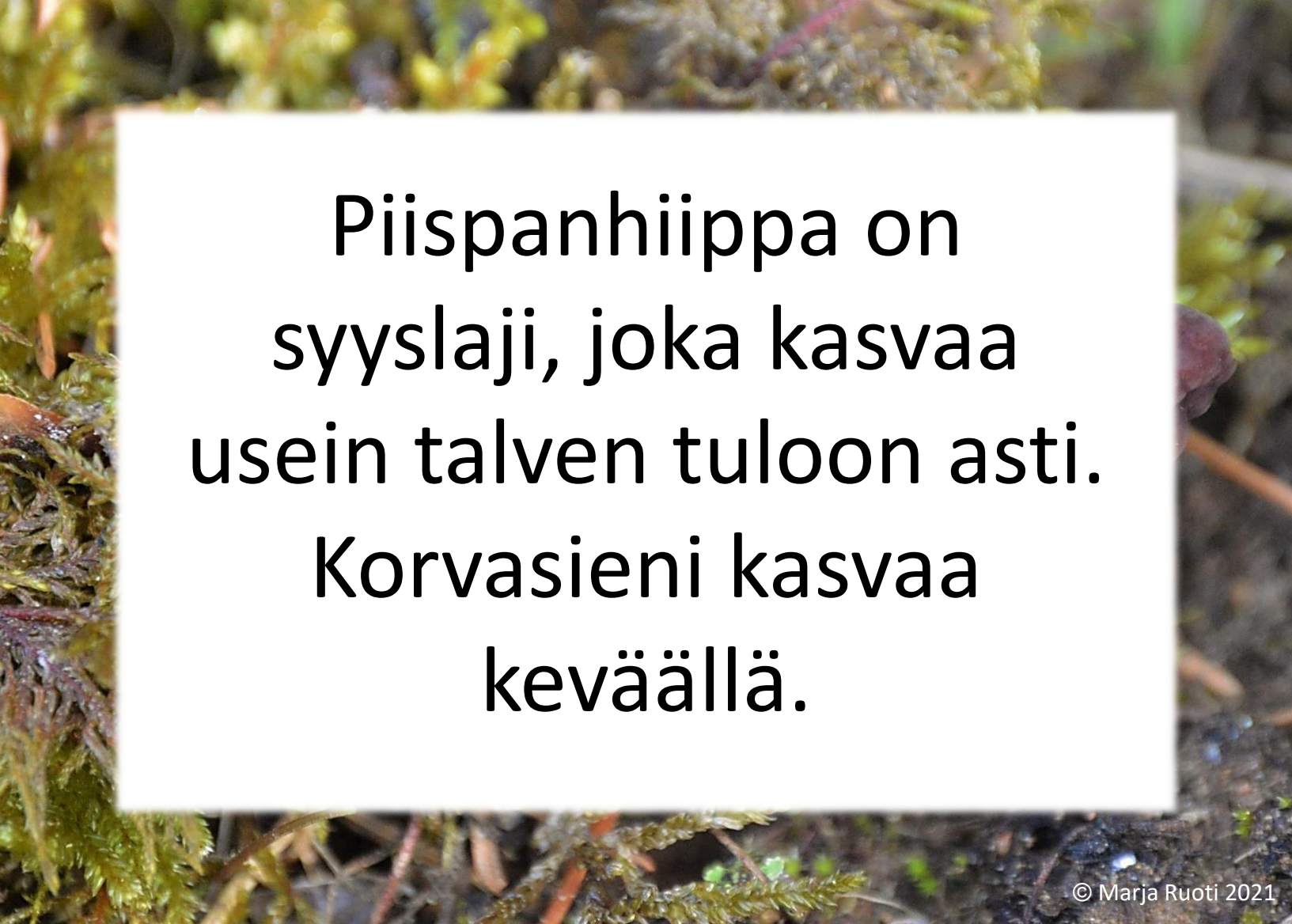
2. Kumpi on turvallinen
ruokasieni,
pulkkosieni vai
pallohuhtasieni?

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows various types of moss in shades of green and yellow-green, growing on dark, damp soil. There are also some small, reddish-brown pine needles scattered around. The lighting is soft, highlighting the textures of the moss and the ground.

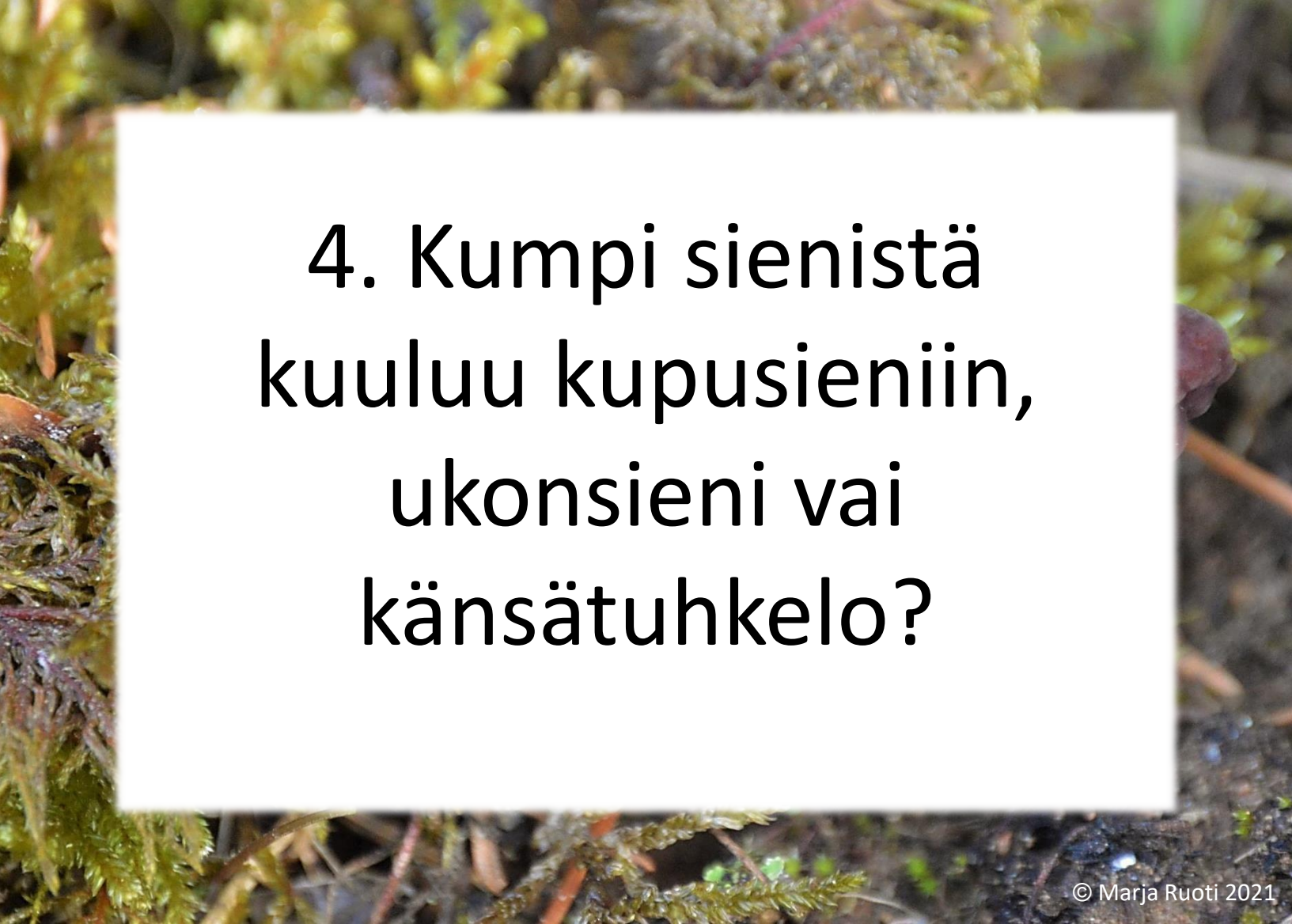
Pallohuhtasieni on
harvinainen, mutta
erinomainen ruokasieni.
Pulkkosientä ei ole
turvallista käyttää.

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows a dense carpet of green moss, with some brown pine needles and small twigs scattered throughout. The lighting is soft, highlighting the textures of the moss and the forest debris.

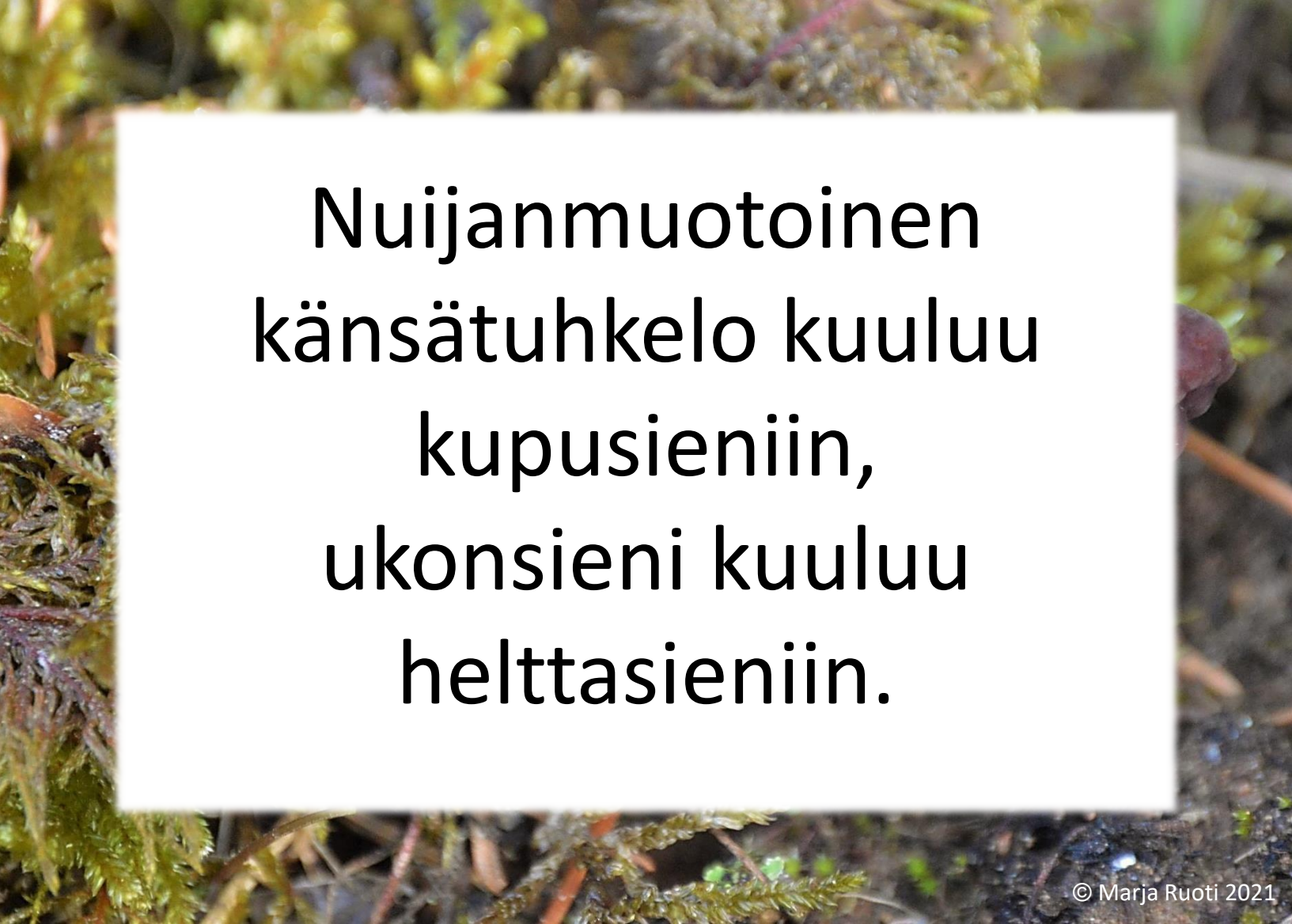
3. Kumpi sienistä
kasvaa syksyllä,
korvasieni vai
piispanhiippa?

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows various types of moss, including bright green and yellowish-green patches, and some dark, reddish-brown lichen or fungi. The ground appears to be a mix of soil and organic matter like pine needles and twigs.

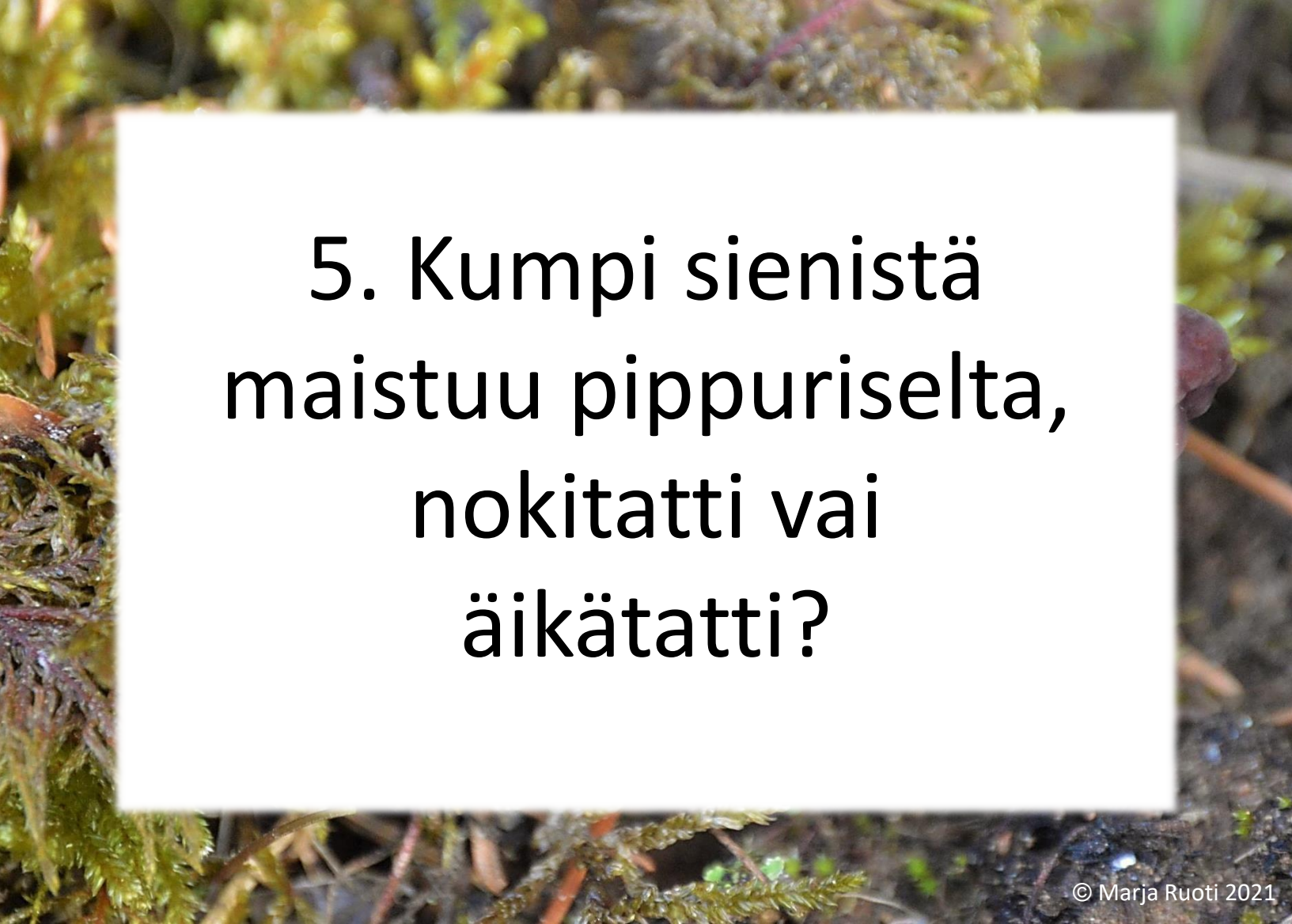
Piispanhiippa on
syyslaji, joka kasvaa
usein talven tuloon asti.
Korvasieni kasvaa
keväällä.

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows a dense carpet of green moss, with some brown pine needles and small twigs scattered throughout. The lighting is soft, highlighting the textures of the moss and the forest debris.

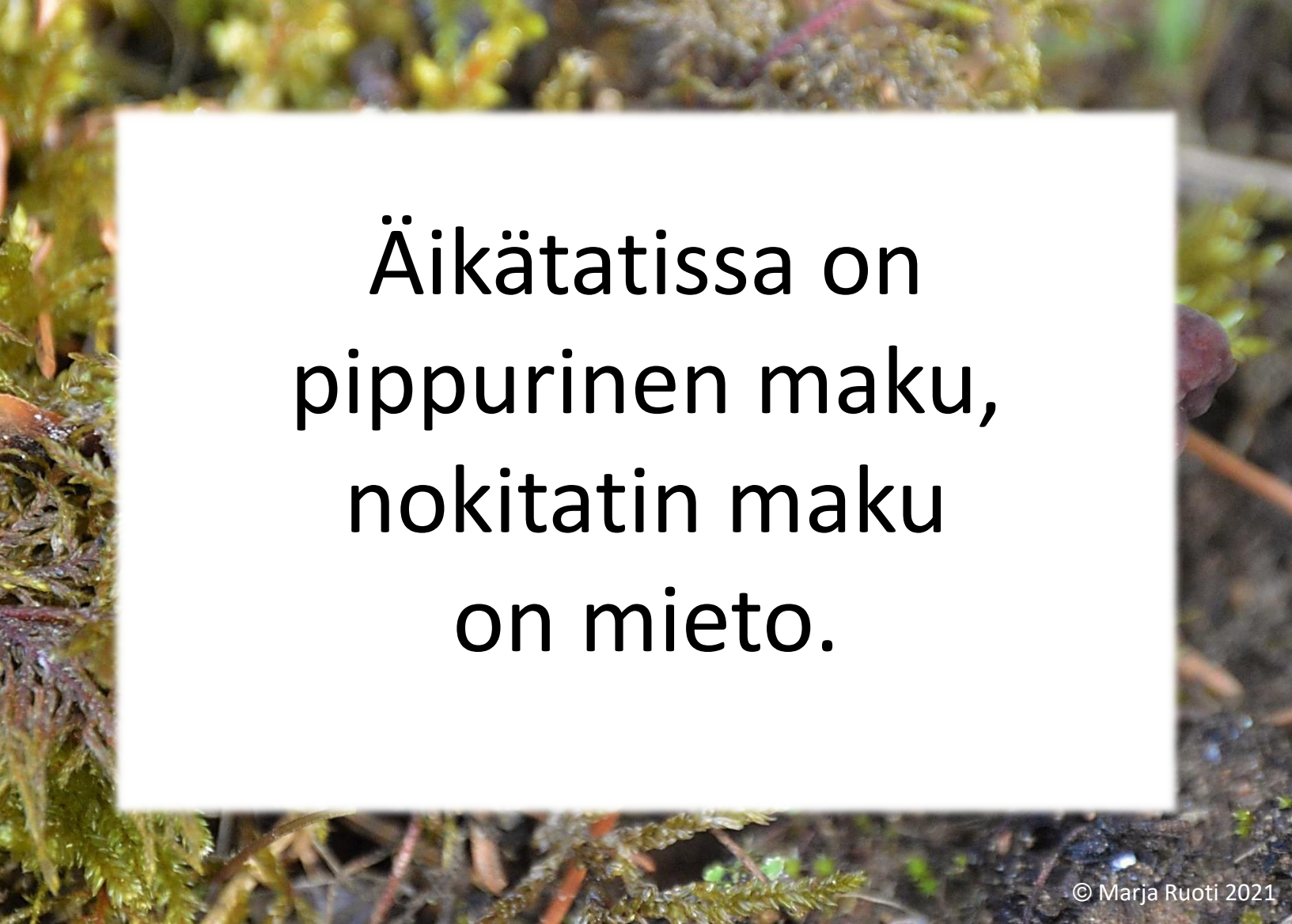
4. Kumpi sienistä
kuuluu kupusieniin,
ukonsieni vai
käsätuhkelo?

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows a dense carpet of green moss, with some brown pine needles and small twigs scattered throughout. The lighting is soft, highlighting the textures of the moss and the forest debris.

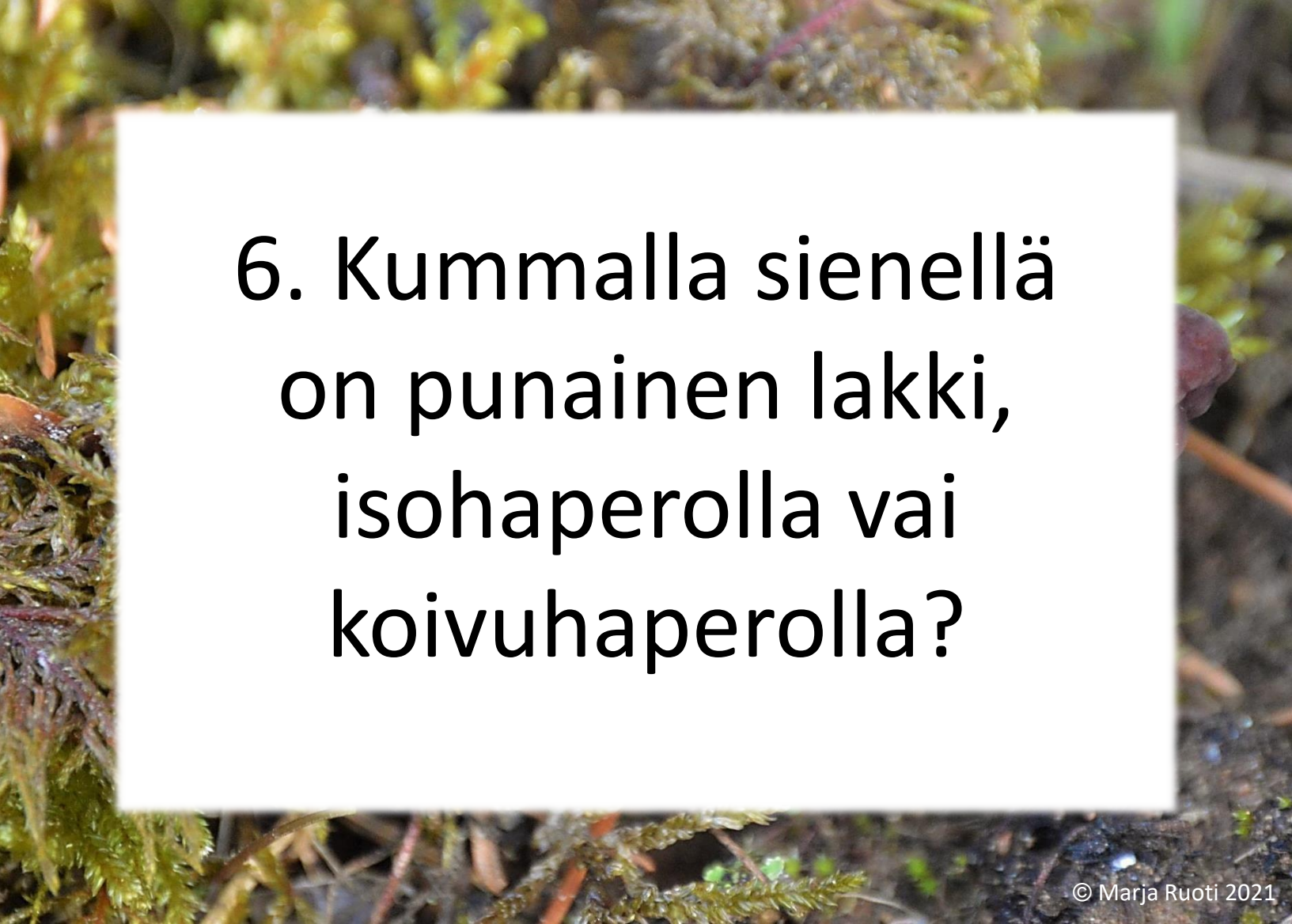
Nuijanmuotoinen
käsätuhkelo kuuluu
kupusieniin,
ukonsieni kuuluu
helttasieniin.

A close-up photograph of moss, showing various shades of green and brown, with some small, dark, rounded structures. The moss is growing on a dark, textured surface, possibly soil or a rock.

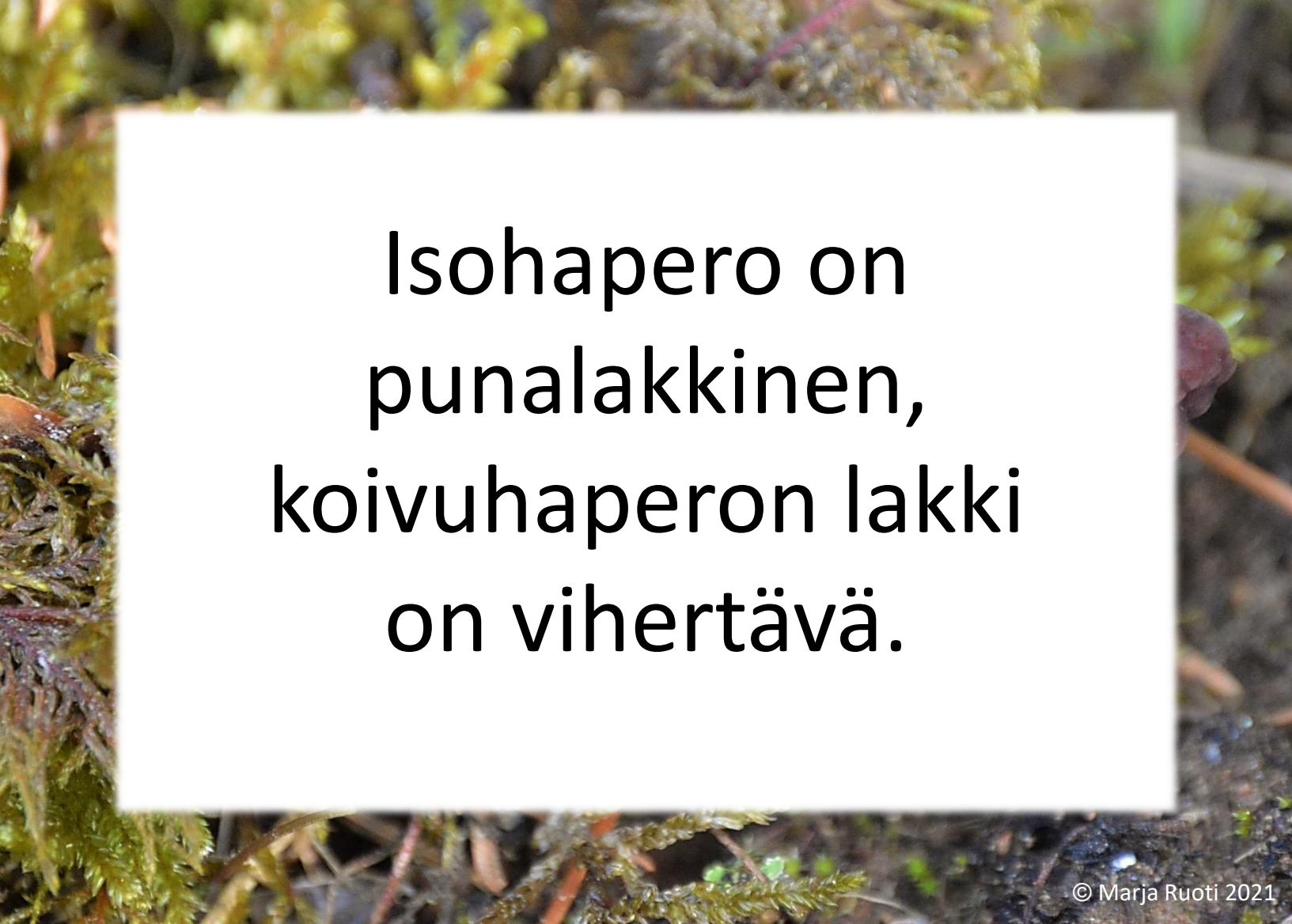
5. Kumpi sienistä
maistuu pippuriselta,
nokitatti vai
äikätatti?



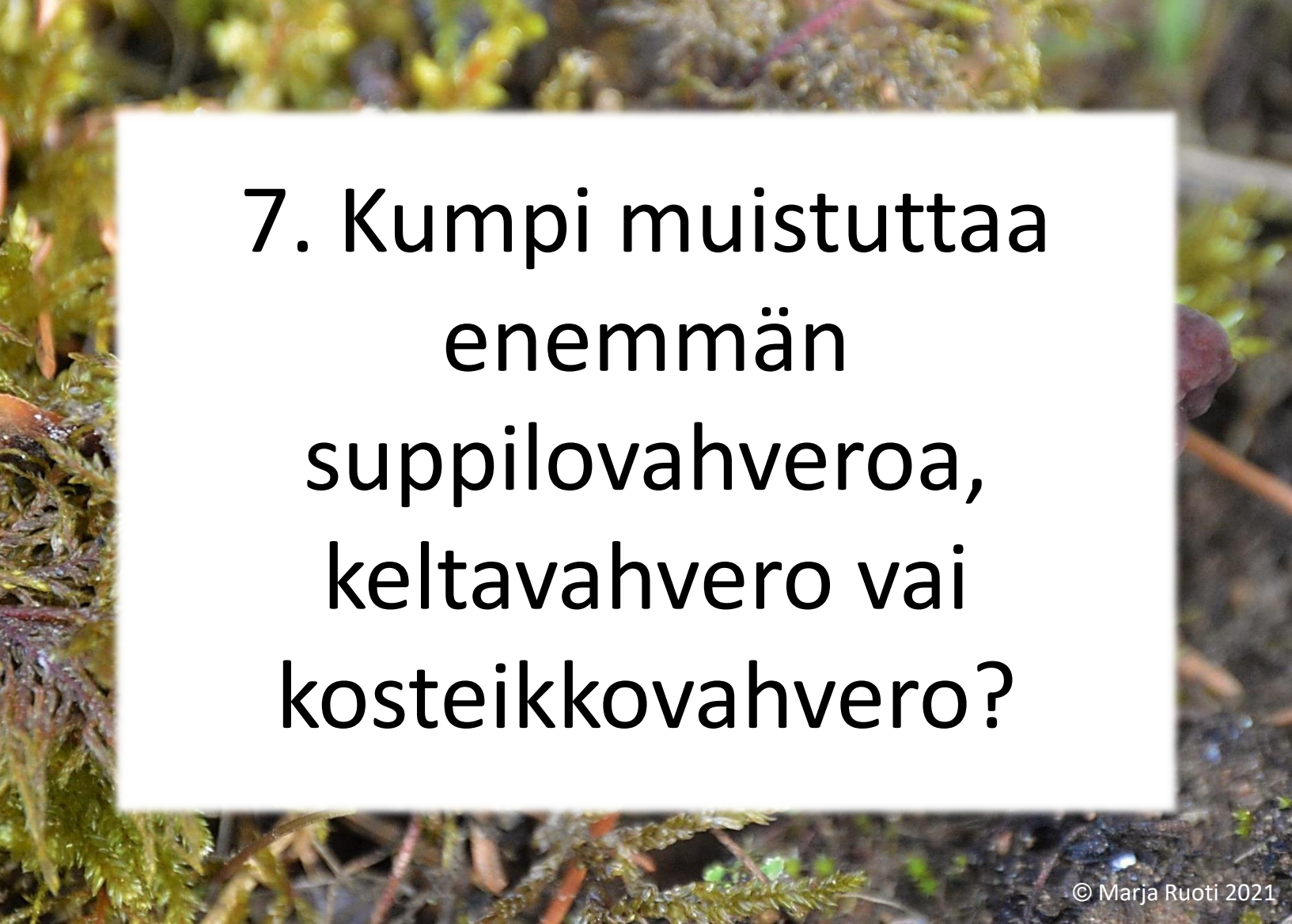
Äikätatissa on
pippurinen maku,
nokitatin maku
on mieto.

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows a dense carpet of green moss, with some brown pine needles and small twigs scattered throughout. The lighting is natural, highlighting the textures of the moss and the forest debris.

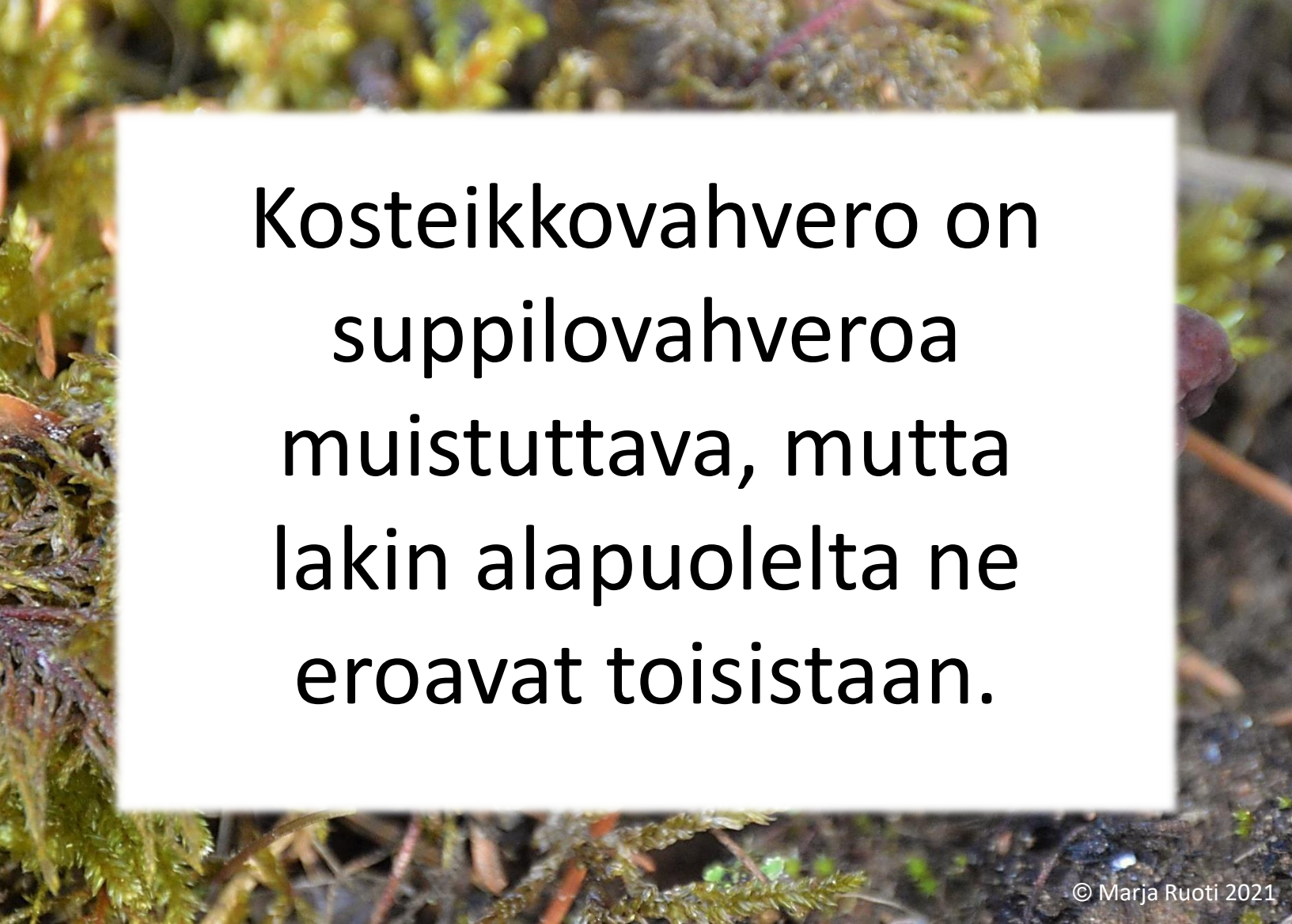
6. Kummalla sienellä
on punainen lakki,
isohaperolla vai
koivuhaperolla?

A close-up photograph of a forest floor covered in various types of moss. The mosses are in shades of green, yellow, and brown, with some small, dark, rounded structures visible. The background is slightly blurred, showing more of the forest floor and some small plants.

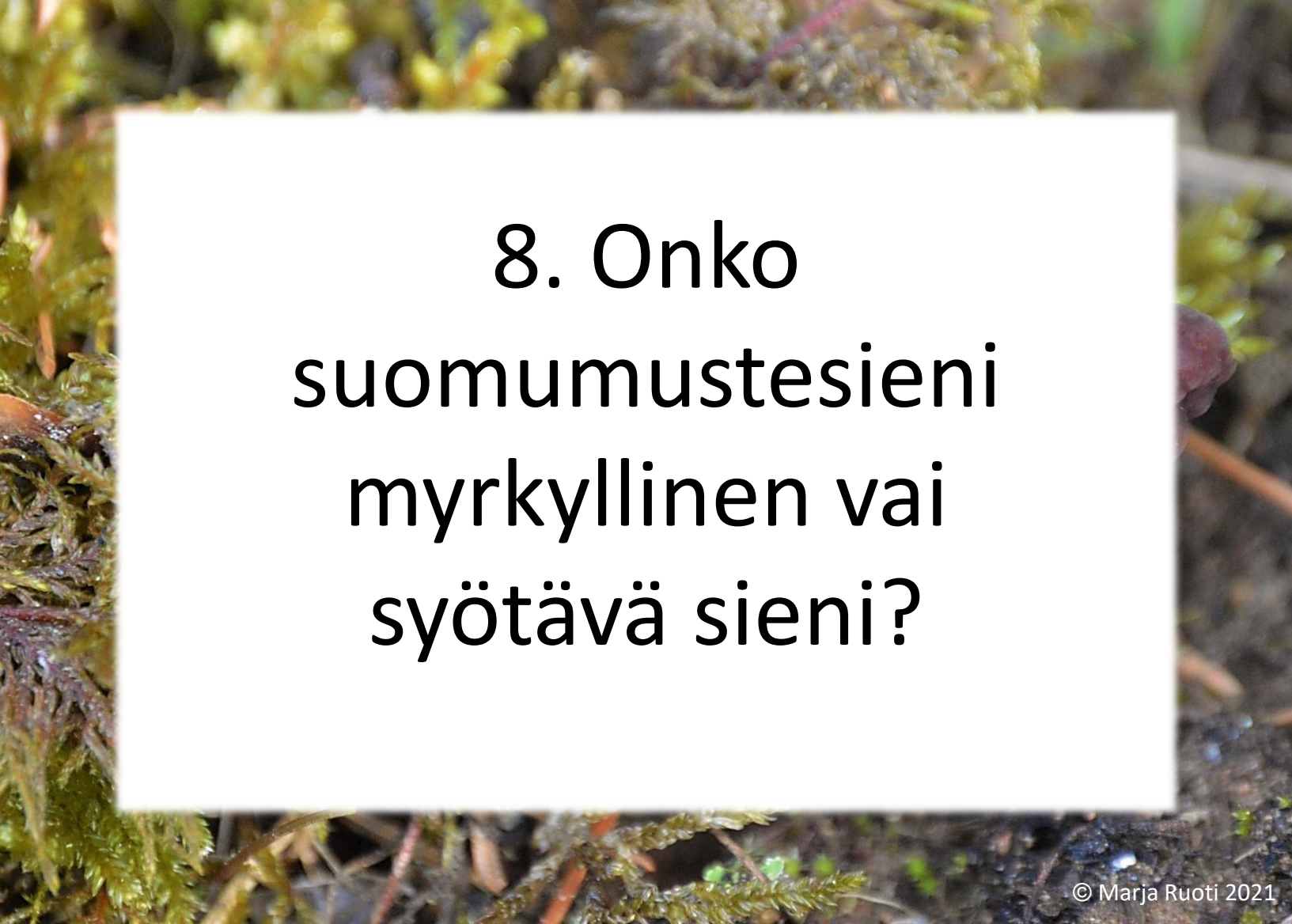
Isohapero on
punalakkinen,
koivuhaperon lakki
on vihertävä.

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows various types of moss in shades of green and yellow, growing on dark, damp soil. There are also some small, brown, dried plant matter and a small, dark purple object, possibly a mushroom or a piece of wood, visible on the right side.

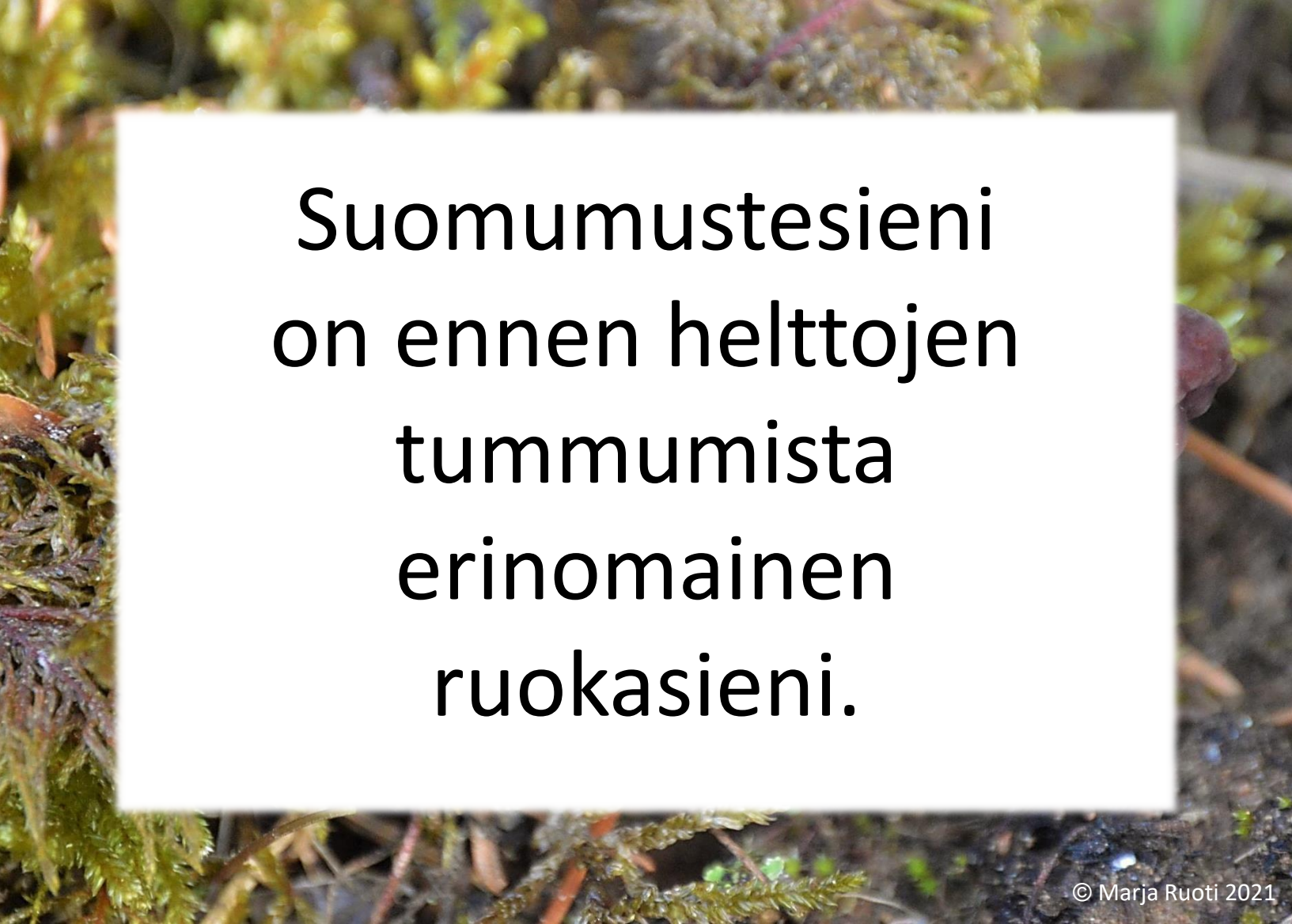
7. Kumpi muistuttaa
enemmän
suppilovahveroa,
keltavahvero vai
kosteikkovahvero?

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows various types of moss in shades of green and yellow-green, growing on dark, damp soil. Some thin, brown twigs and pine needles are scattered among the moss. The lighting is soft, highlighting the textures of the plants.

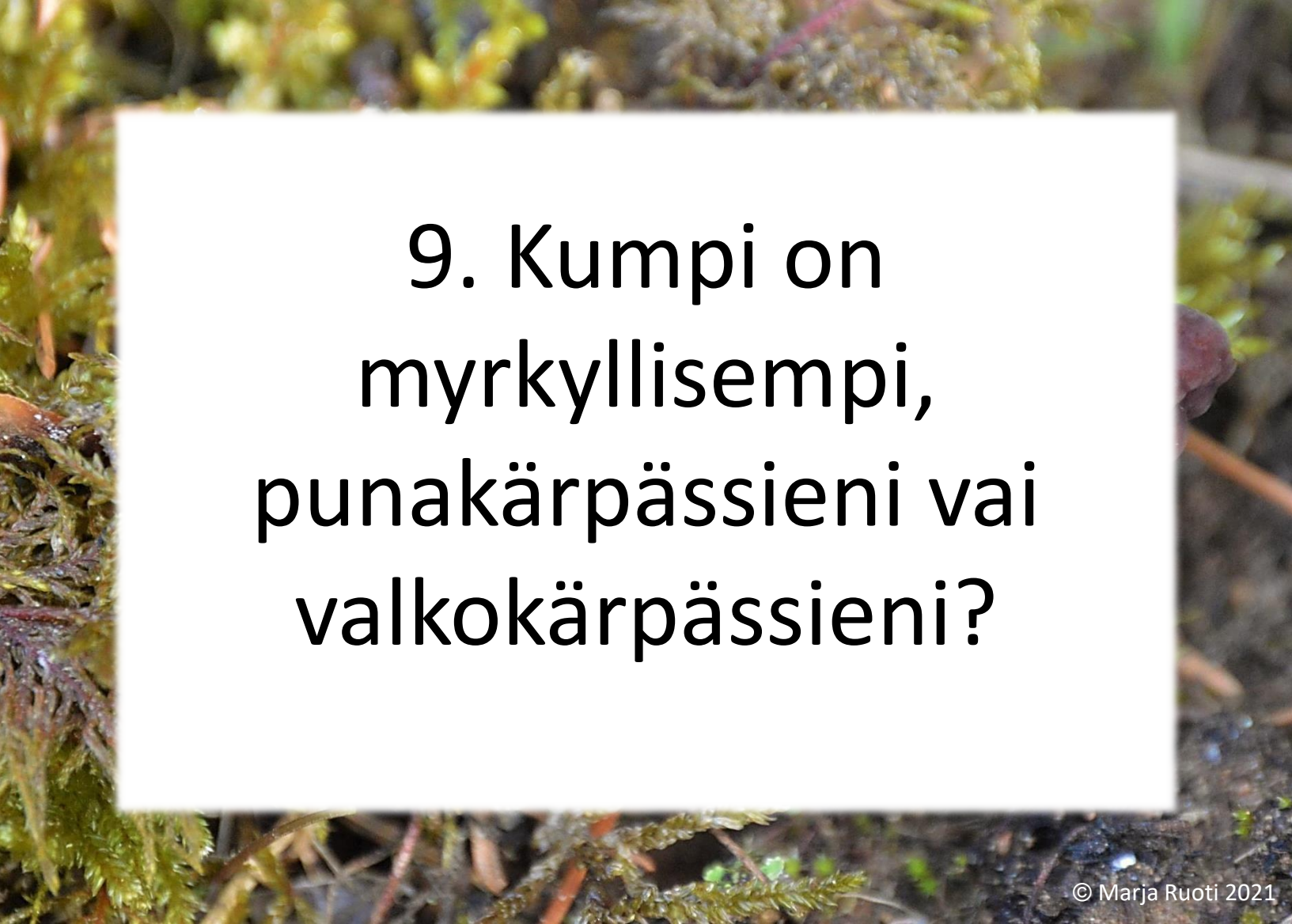
Kosteikkovahvero on
suppilovahveroa
muistuttava, mutta
lakin alapuolelta ne
eroavat toisistaan.

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows a dense carpet of green moss, with some brown pine needles and small twigs scattered throughout. The lighting is natural, highlighting the textures of the moss and the organic debris.

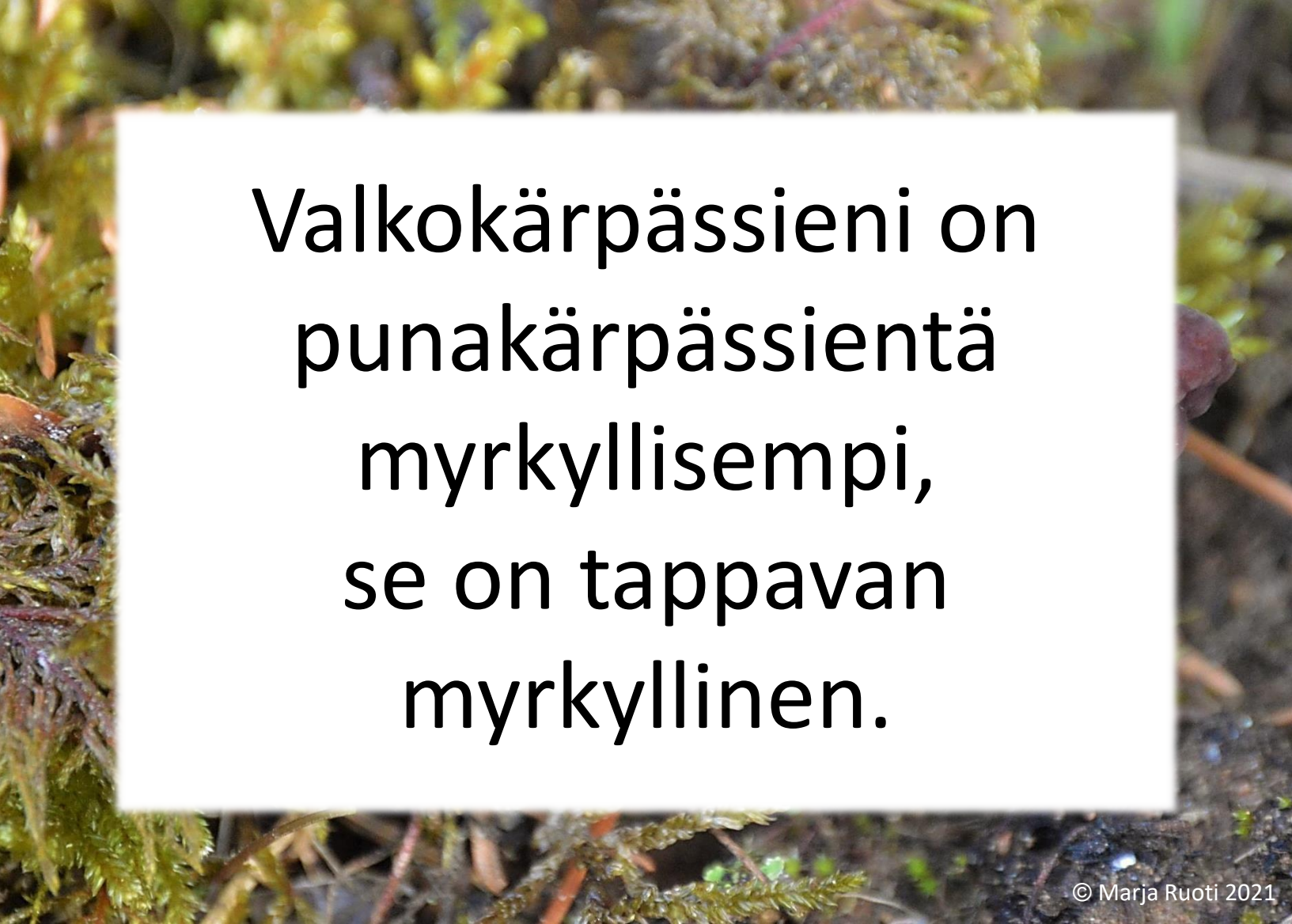
8. Onko
suomumustesieni
myrkyllinen vai
syötävä sieni?



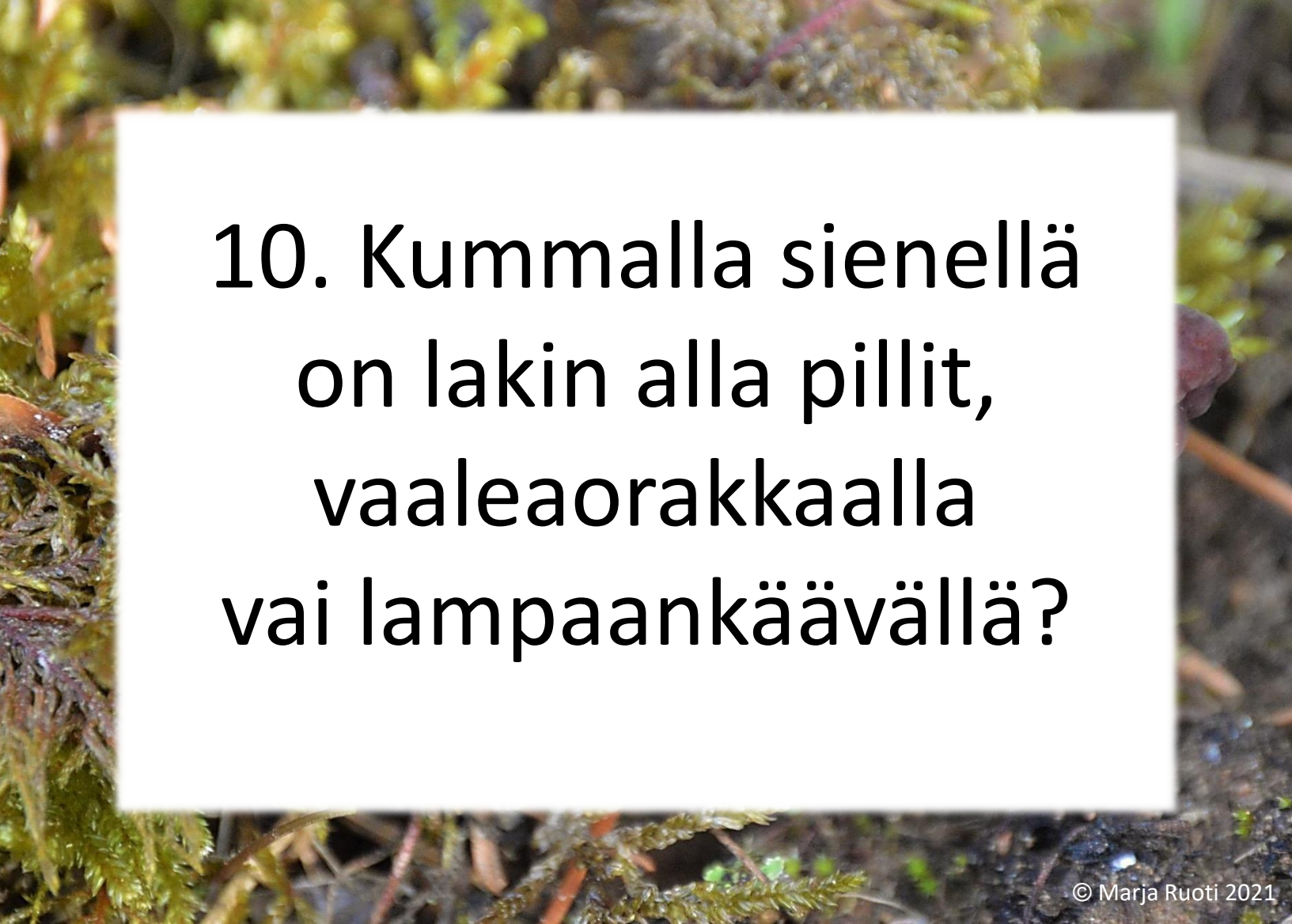
Suomumustesieni
on ennen helttojen
tummumista
erinomainen
ruokasieni.

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows a dense carpet of moss in various shades of green and yellow-green. Interspersed among the moss are small, dark brown twigs and pieces of dried pine needles. The lighting is soft, highlighting the texture of the moss.

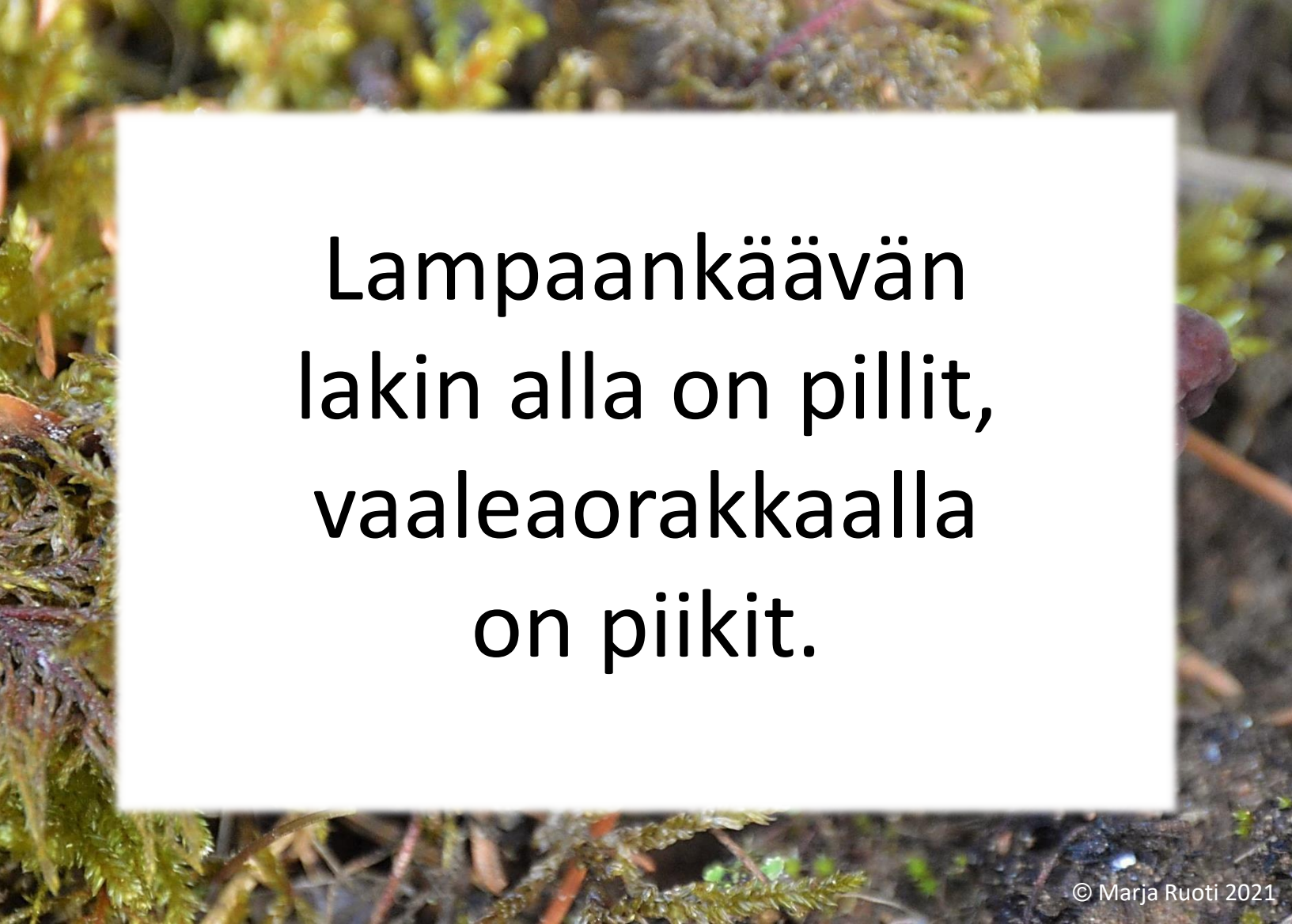
9. Kumpi on
myrkyllisempi,
punakärpässieni vai
valkokärpässieni?

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows various types of moss, including bright green and yellowish-green patches, and some darker, brownish-purple moss. There are also some small, dark, rounded objects, possibly fungi or berries, scattered among the moss. The overall scene is a natural, textured forest environment.

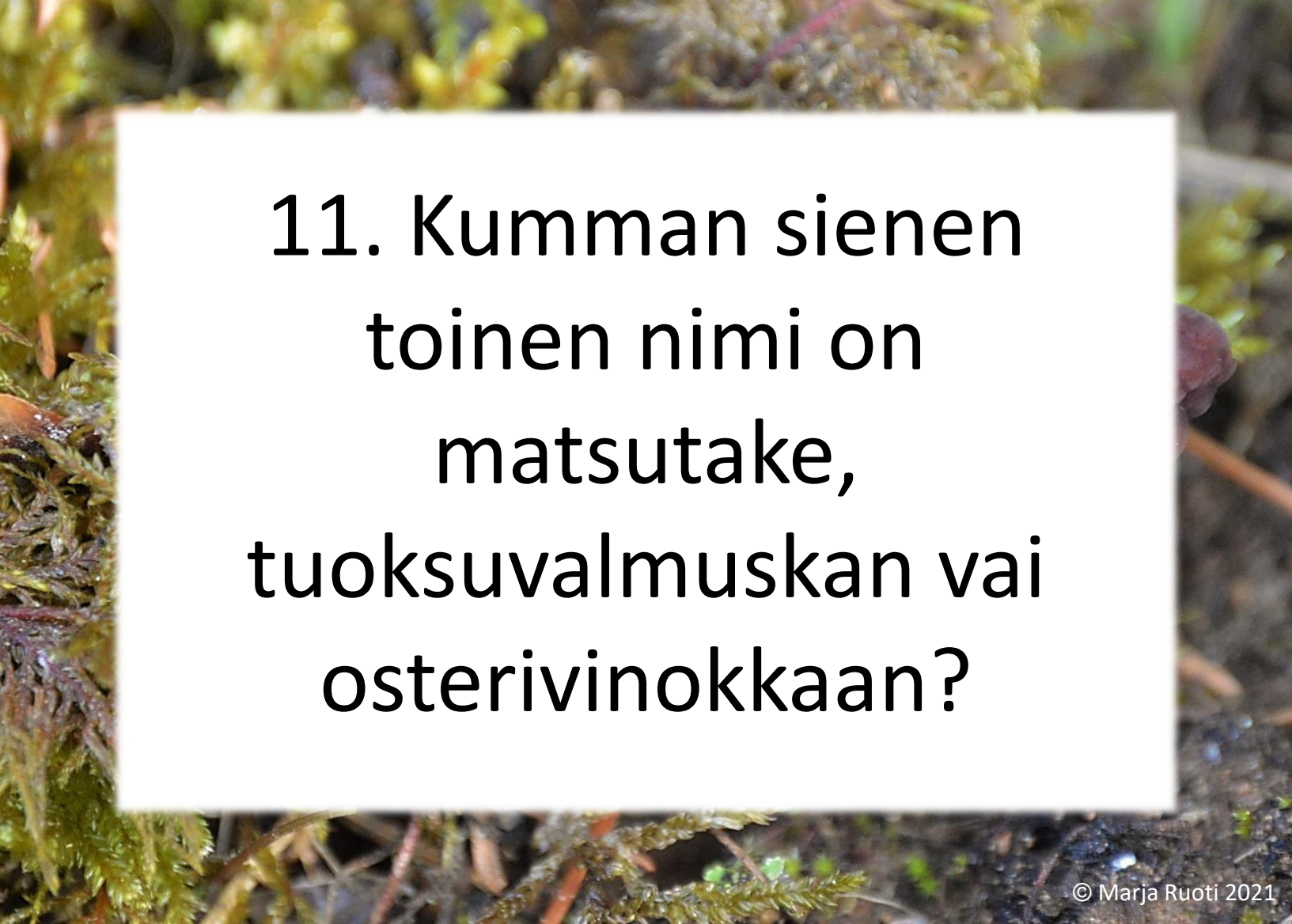
Valkokärpässieni on
punakärpässientä
myrkyllisempi,
se on tappavan
myrkyllinen.



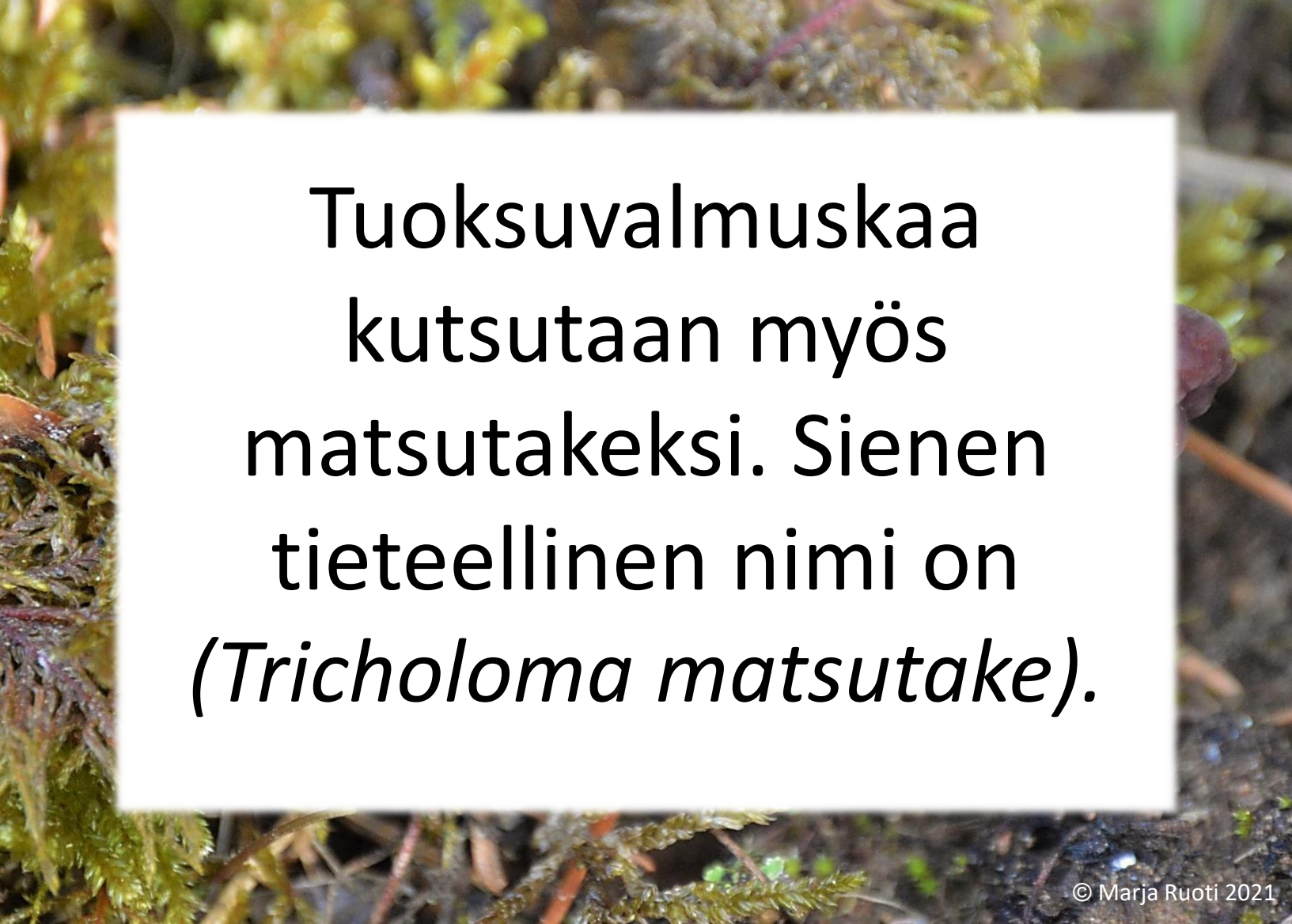
10. Kummalla sienellä
on lakin alla pillit,
vaaleaorakkaalla
vai lampaankäävällä?



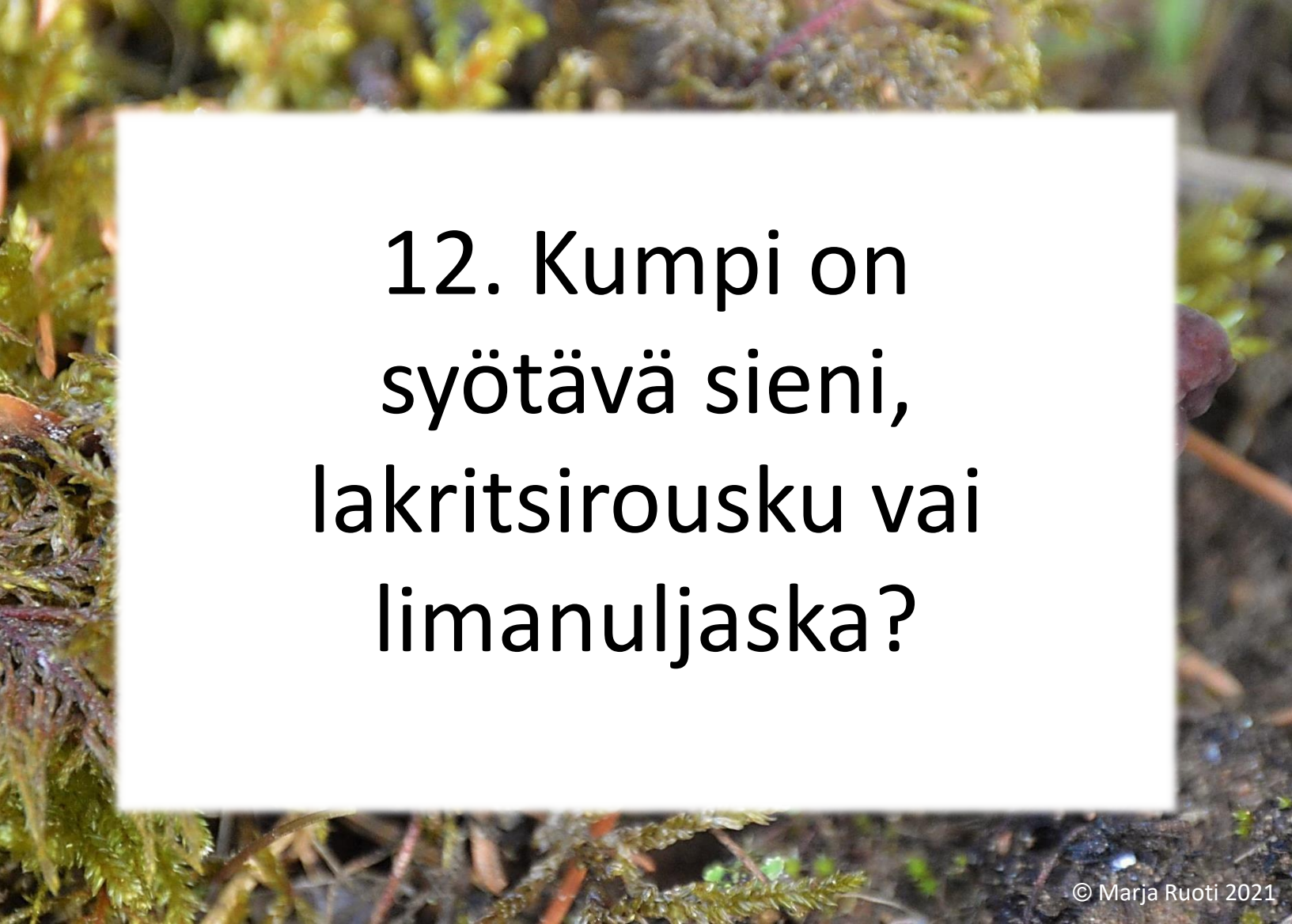
Lampaankäävän
lakin alla on pillit,
vaaleaorakkaalla
on piikit.



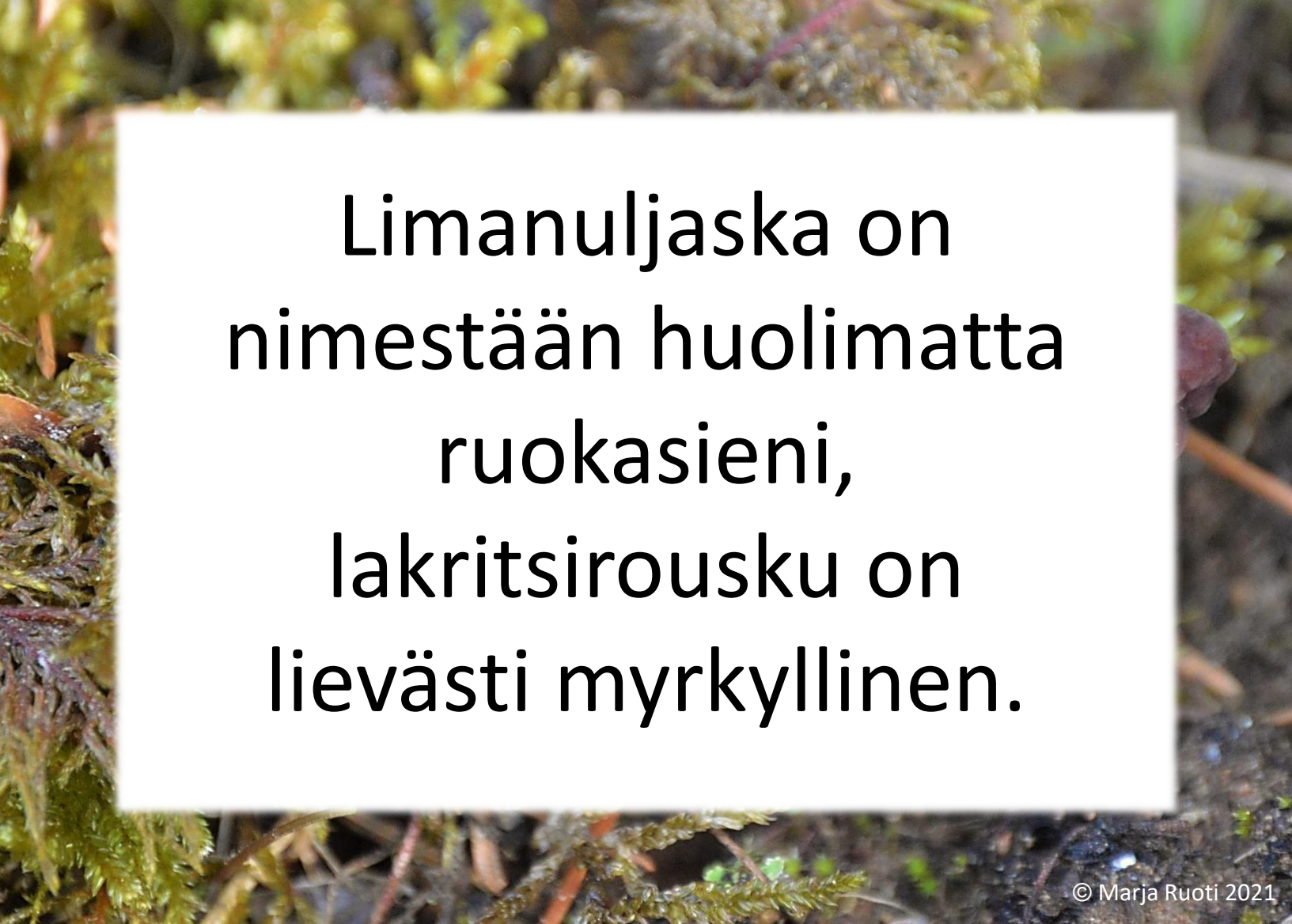
11. Kumman sienen
toinen nimi on
matsutake,
tuoksuvalmuskan vai
osterivinokkaan?

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows a dense carpet of green moss, with some brown pine needles and small twigs scattered throughout. The lighting is soft, highlighting the textures of the moss and the forest debris.

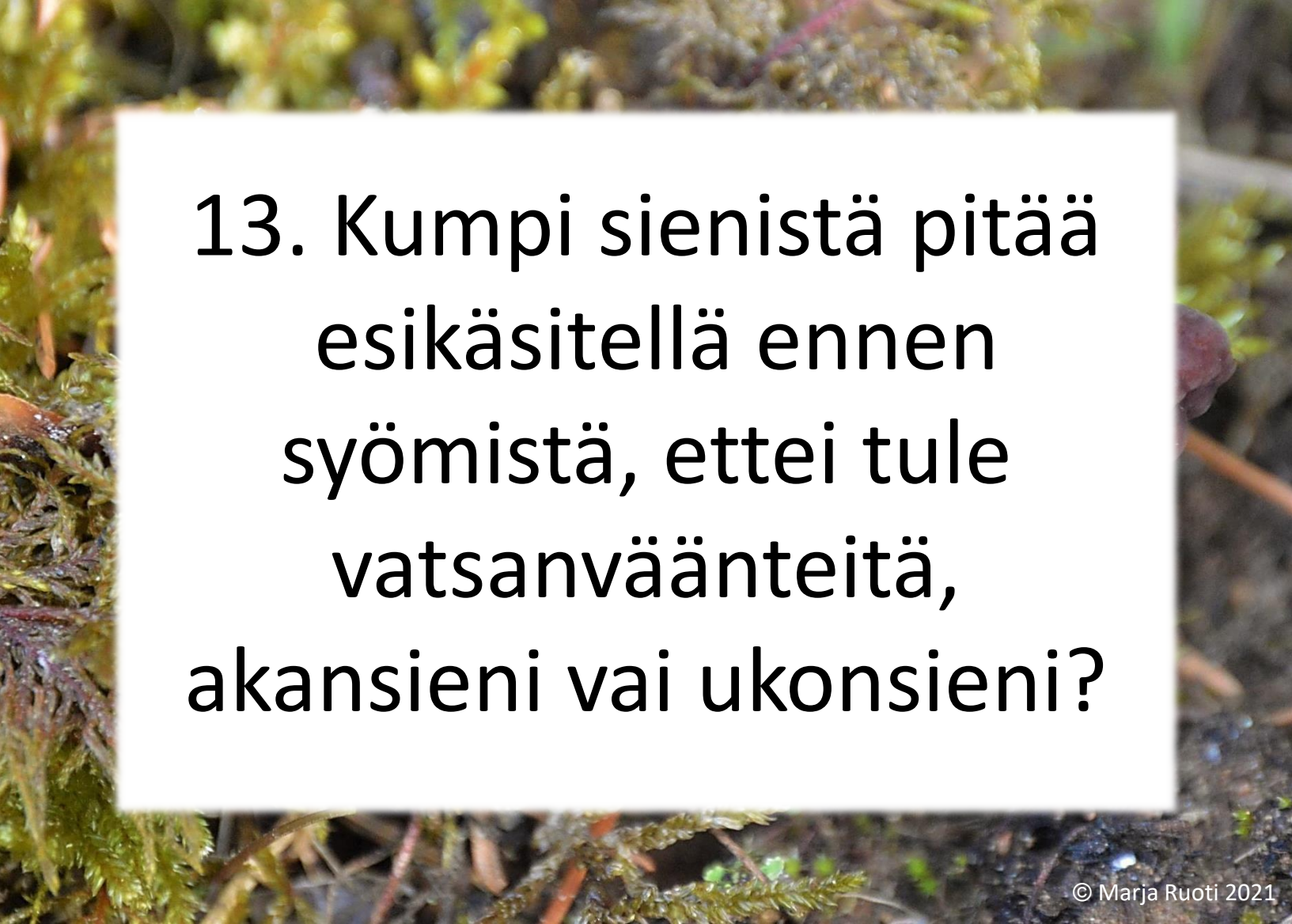
Tuoksuvalmuskaa
kutsutaan myös
matsutakeksi. Sienen
tieteellinen nimi on
(Tricholoma matsutake).



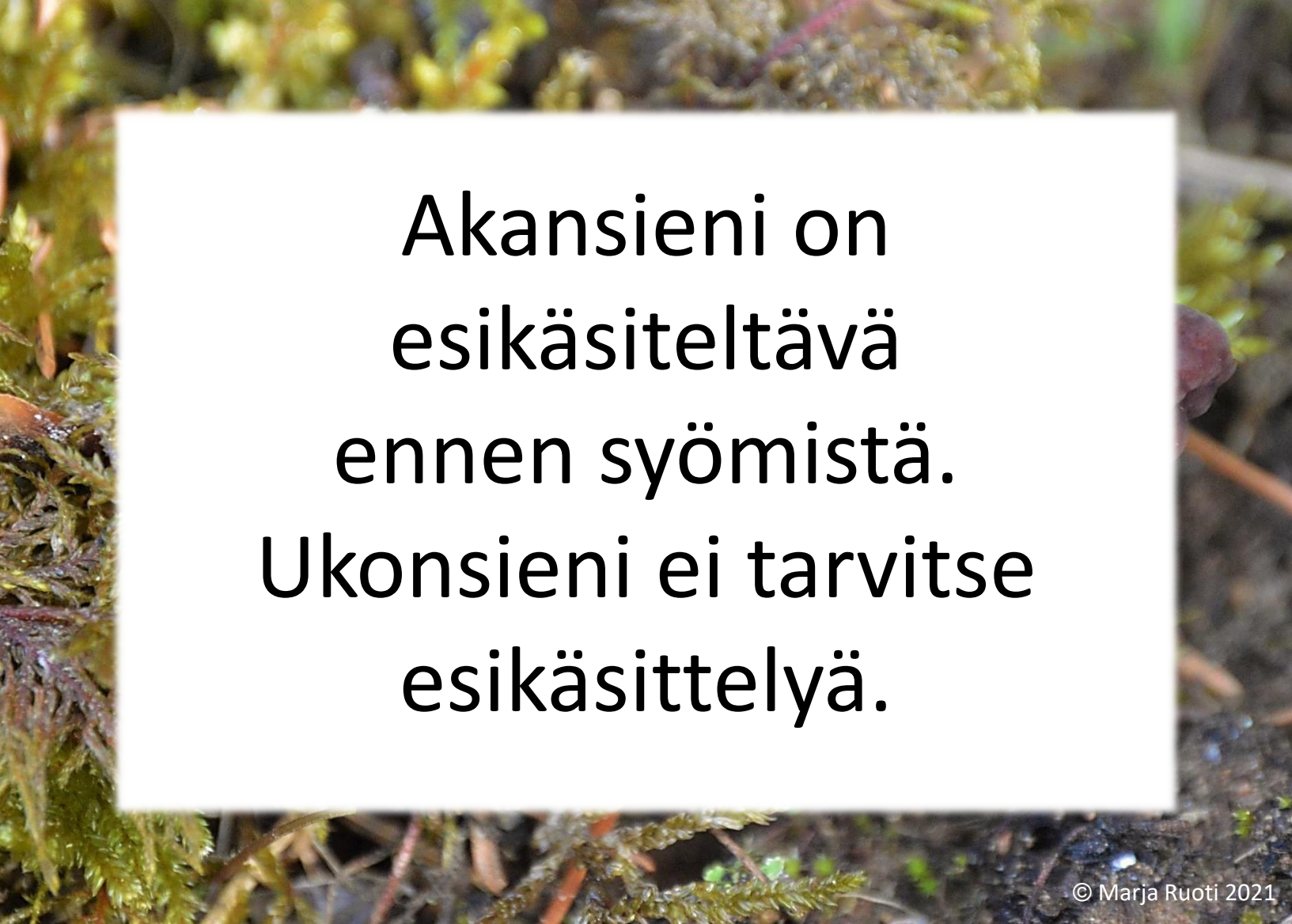
12. Kumpi on
syötävä sieni,
lakritsirousku vai
limanuljaska?

A close-up photograph of a forest floor covered in various types of moss. The mosses are in shades of green, yellow, and brown, growing on dark soil and small twigs. The background is slightly blurred, focusing attention on the texture of the moss.

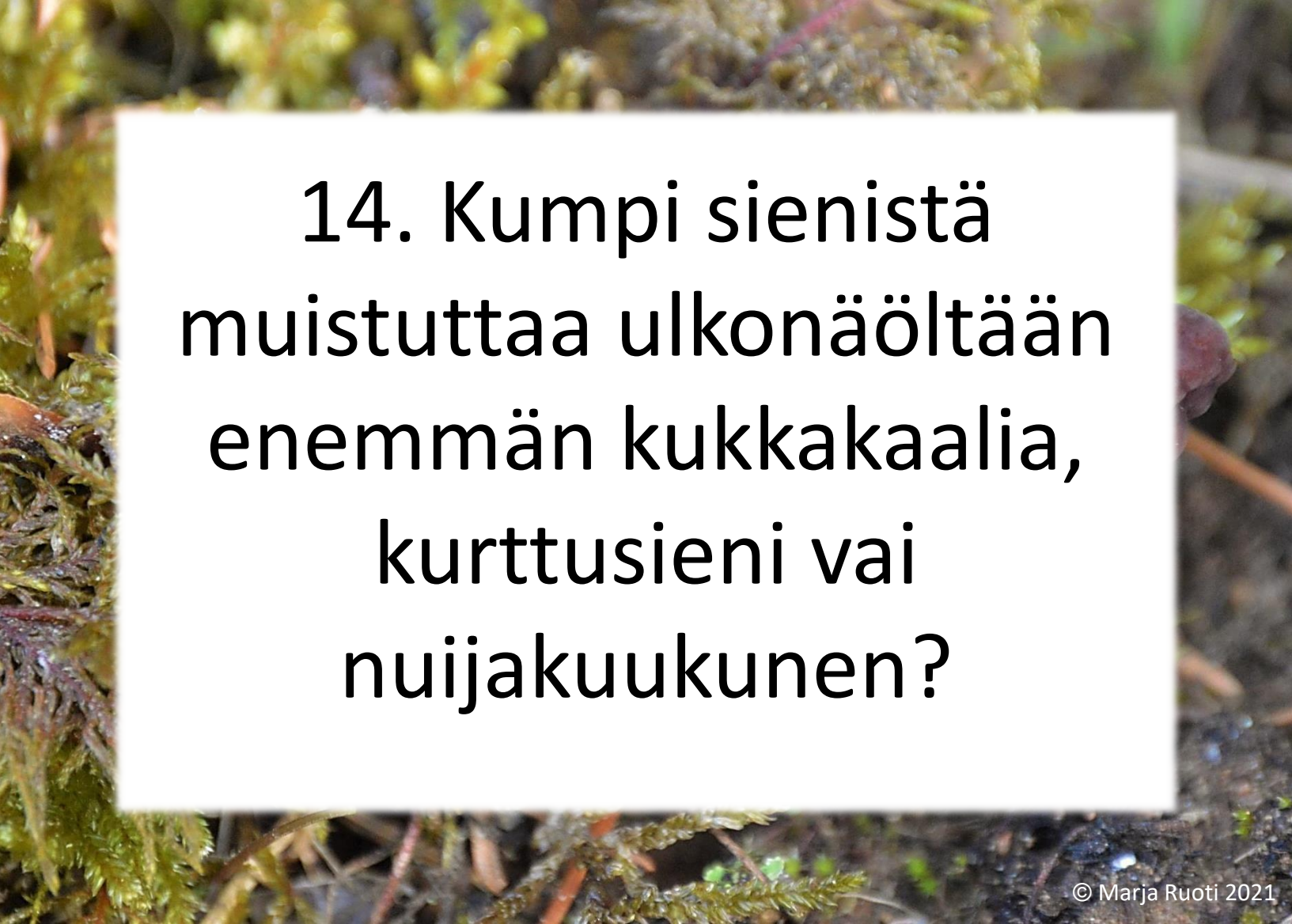
Limanuljaska on
nimestään huolimatta
ruokasieni,
lakritsirousku on
lievästi myrkyllinen.

A close-up photograph of a forest floor covered in various types of mosses and lichens. The colors range from vibrant greens to dark purples and browns. The texture is intricate and detailed.

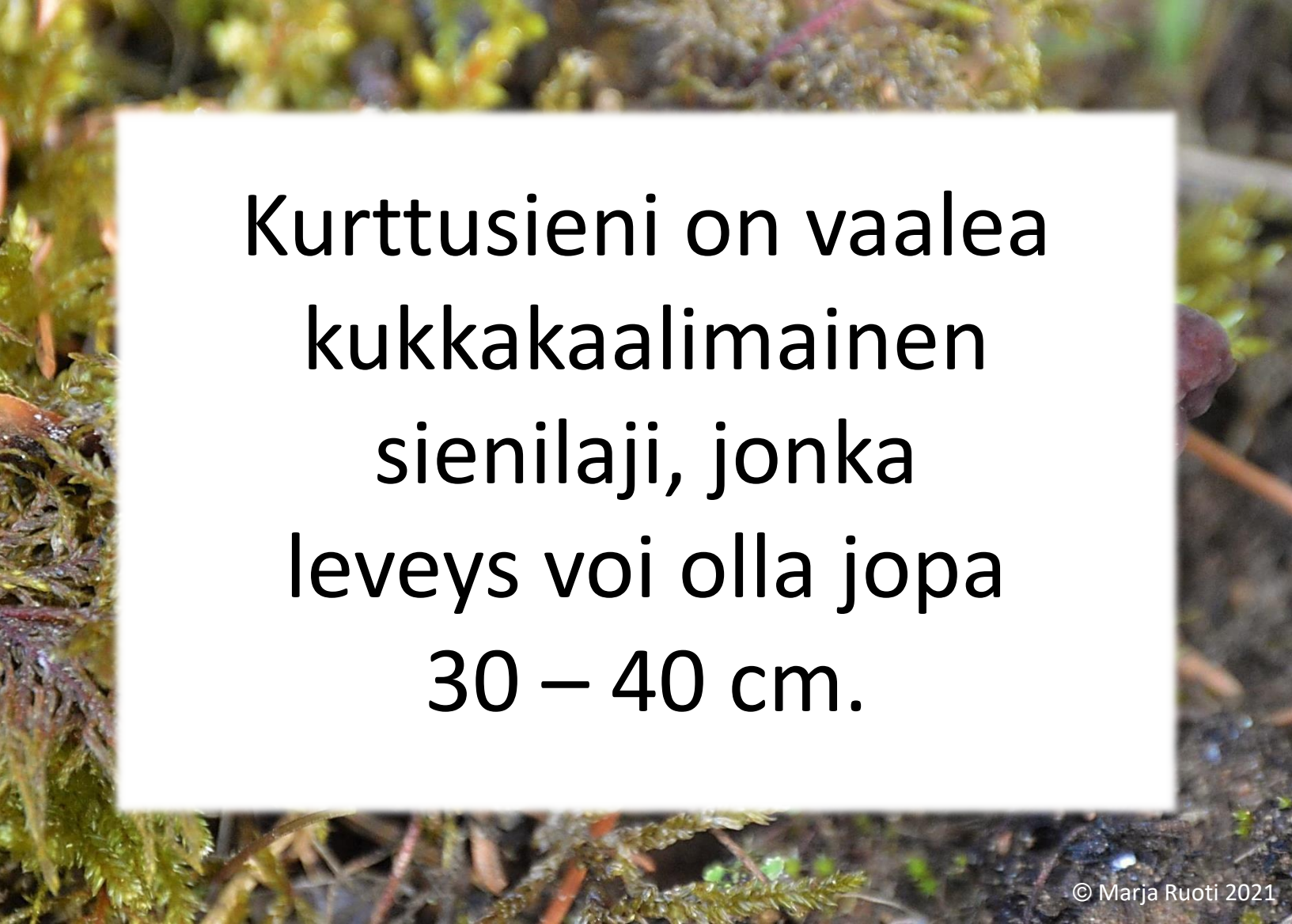
13. Kumpi sienistä pitää
esikäsitellä ennen
syömistä, ettei tule
vatsanväännteitä,
akansieni vai ukonsieni?

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows a dense carpet of green moss, with some brown pine needles and small twigs scattered throughout. The lighting is natural, highlighting the textures of the moss and the forest debris.

Akansieni on
esikäsiteltävä
ennen syömistä.
Ukonsieni ei tarvitse
esikäsitteilyä.

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It features a dense carpet of green moss and various colorful lichens in shades of yellow, orange, and purple. The lighting is soft, highlighting the intricate textures of the fungi.

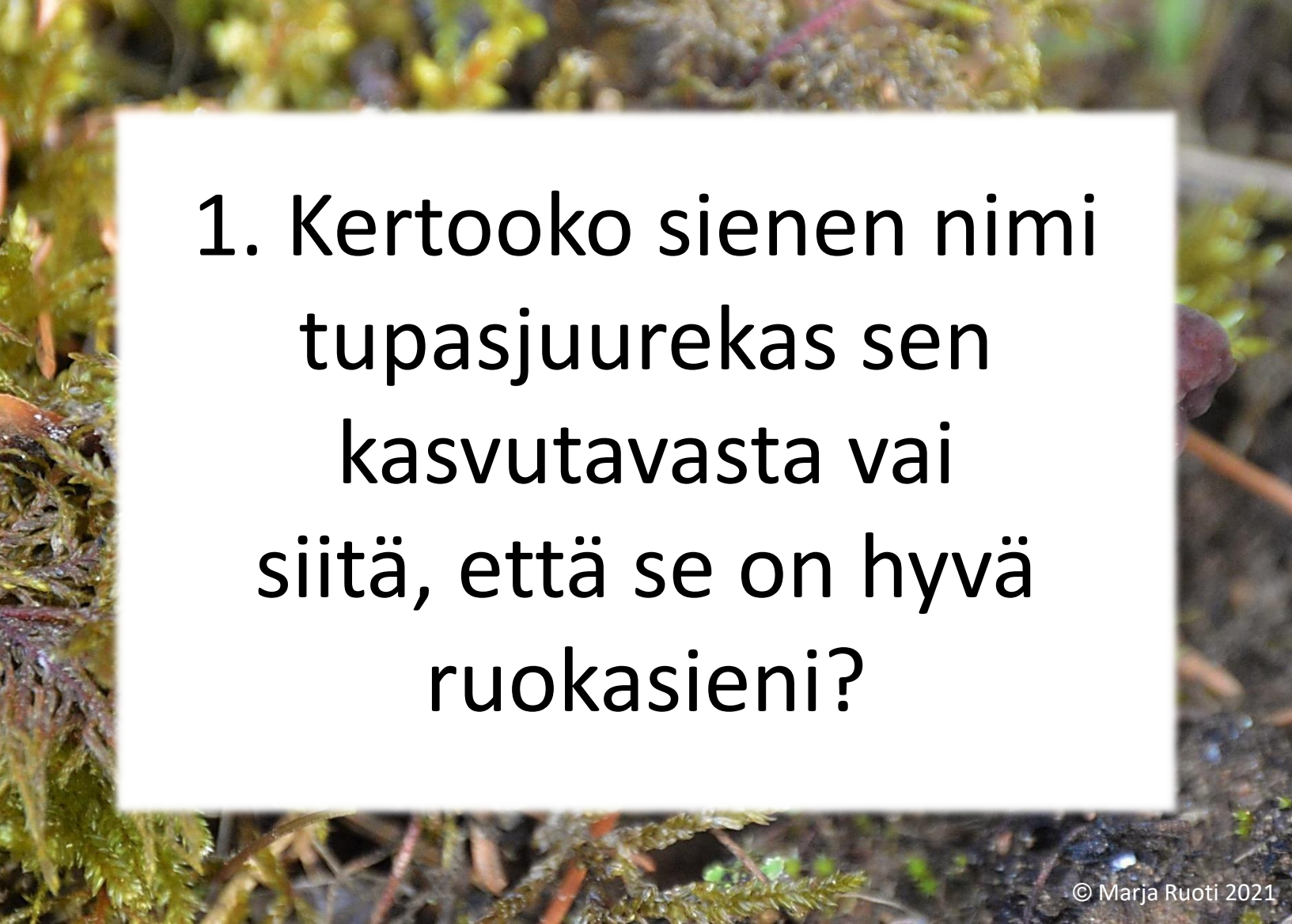
14. Kumpi sienistä
muistuttaa ulkonäöltään
enemmän kukkakaalia,
kurttusieni vai
nuijakuukunen?



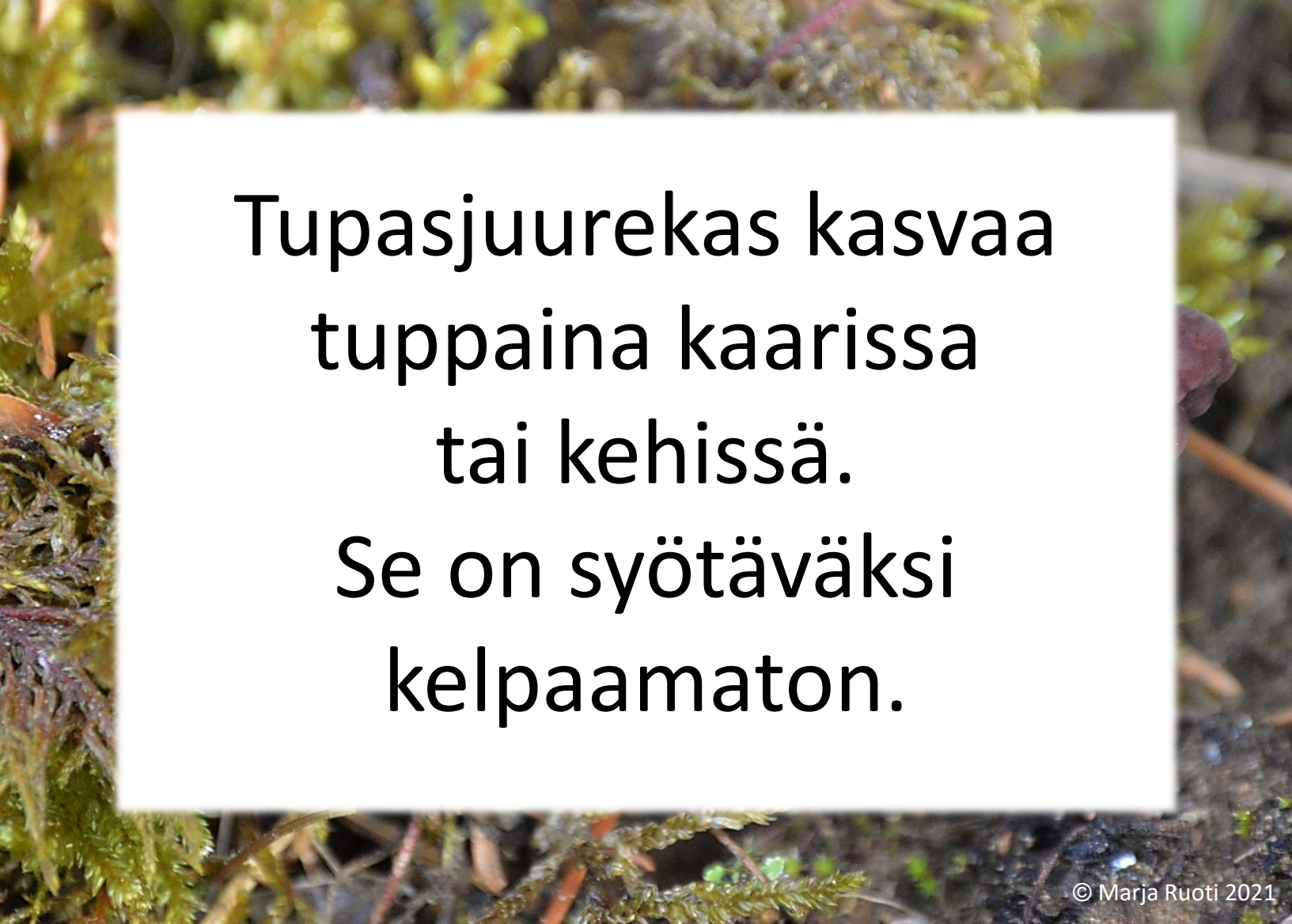
Kurttusieni on vaalea
kukkakaalimainen
sienilaji, jonka
leveys voi olla jopa
30 – 40 cm.

SIENI- VISA 2



The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows a dense carpet of green moss, with some brown pine needles and small twigs scattered throughout. The lighting is soft, highlighting the textures of the moss and the forest debris.

1. Kertooko sienen nimi
tupasjuurekas sen
kasvutavasta vai
siitä, että se on hyvä
ruokasieni?

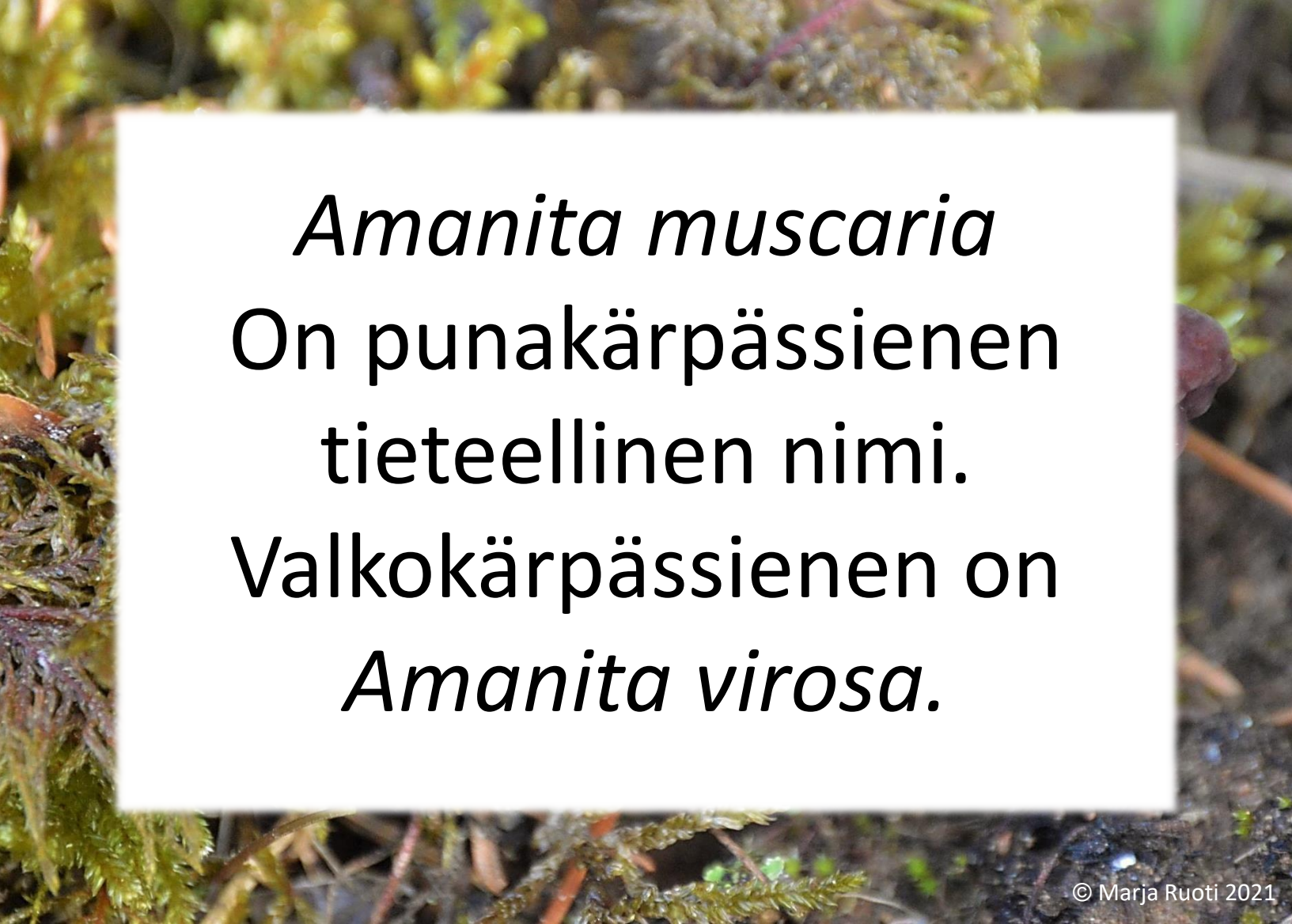
The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows a dense carpet of moss in various shades of green and yellow-green. Interspersed among the moss are small, brown, dried pine needles and twigs. The lighting is soft, highlighting the texture of the moss.

Tupasjuurekas kasvaa
tuppaina kaarissa
tai kehissä.
Se on syötäväksi
kelpaamaton.

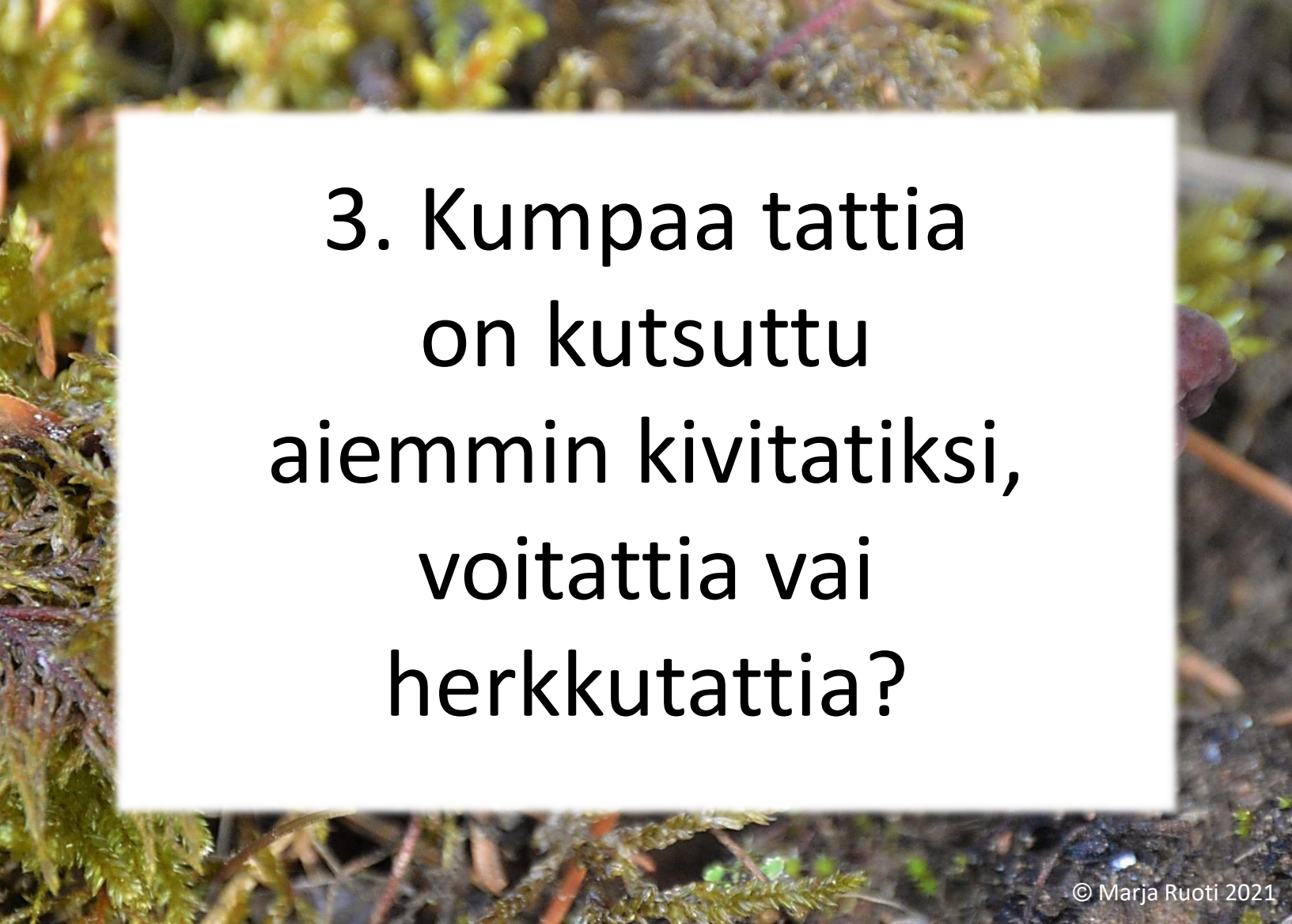
2. Onko

Amanita muscaria

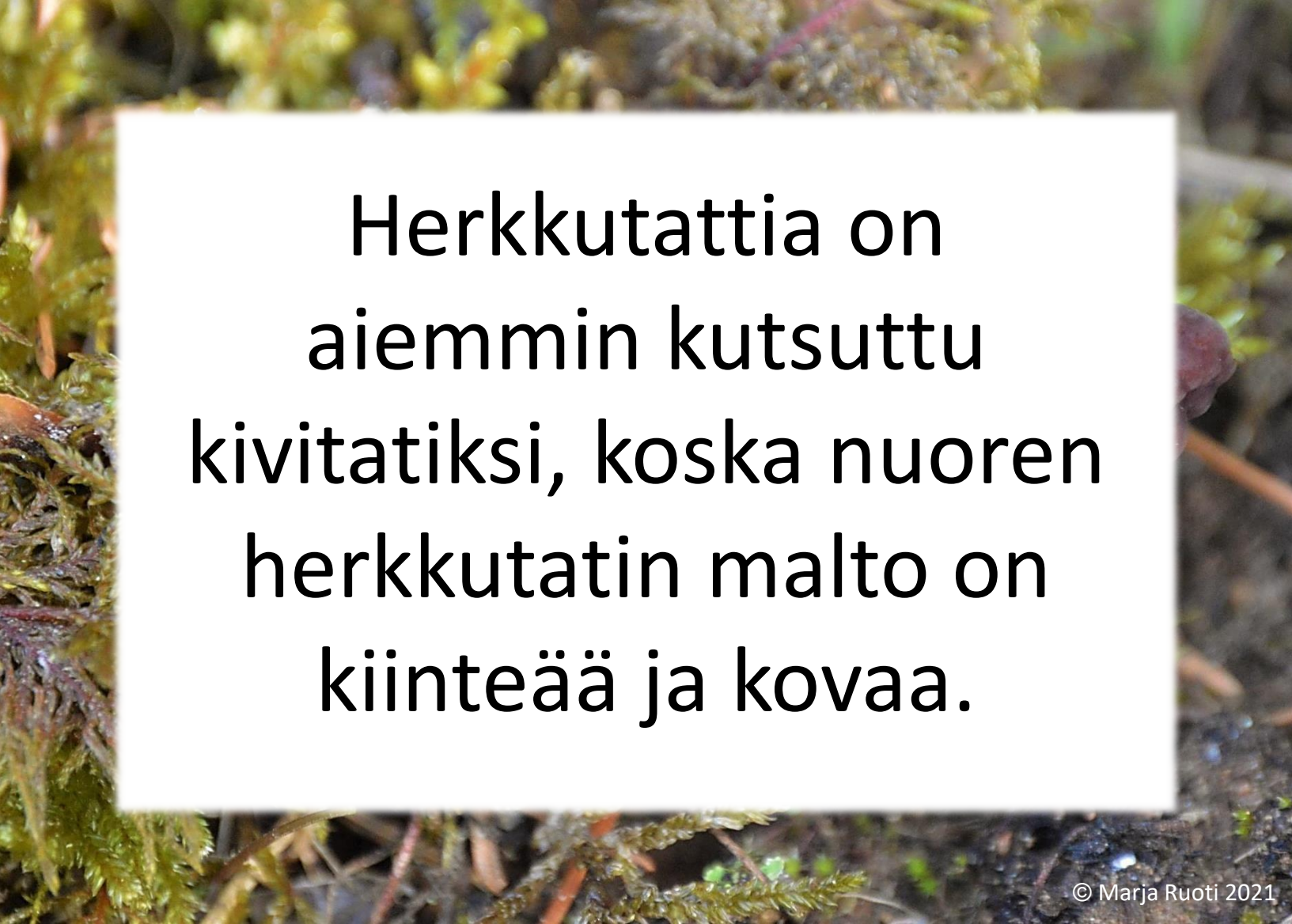
punakärpässienen vai
valkokärpässienen
tieteellinen nimi?

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows a dense carpet of green moss with some brown, dried pine needles and twigs scattered throughout. The lighting is natural, highlighting the textures of the moss and the forest debris.

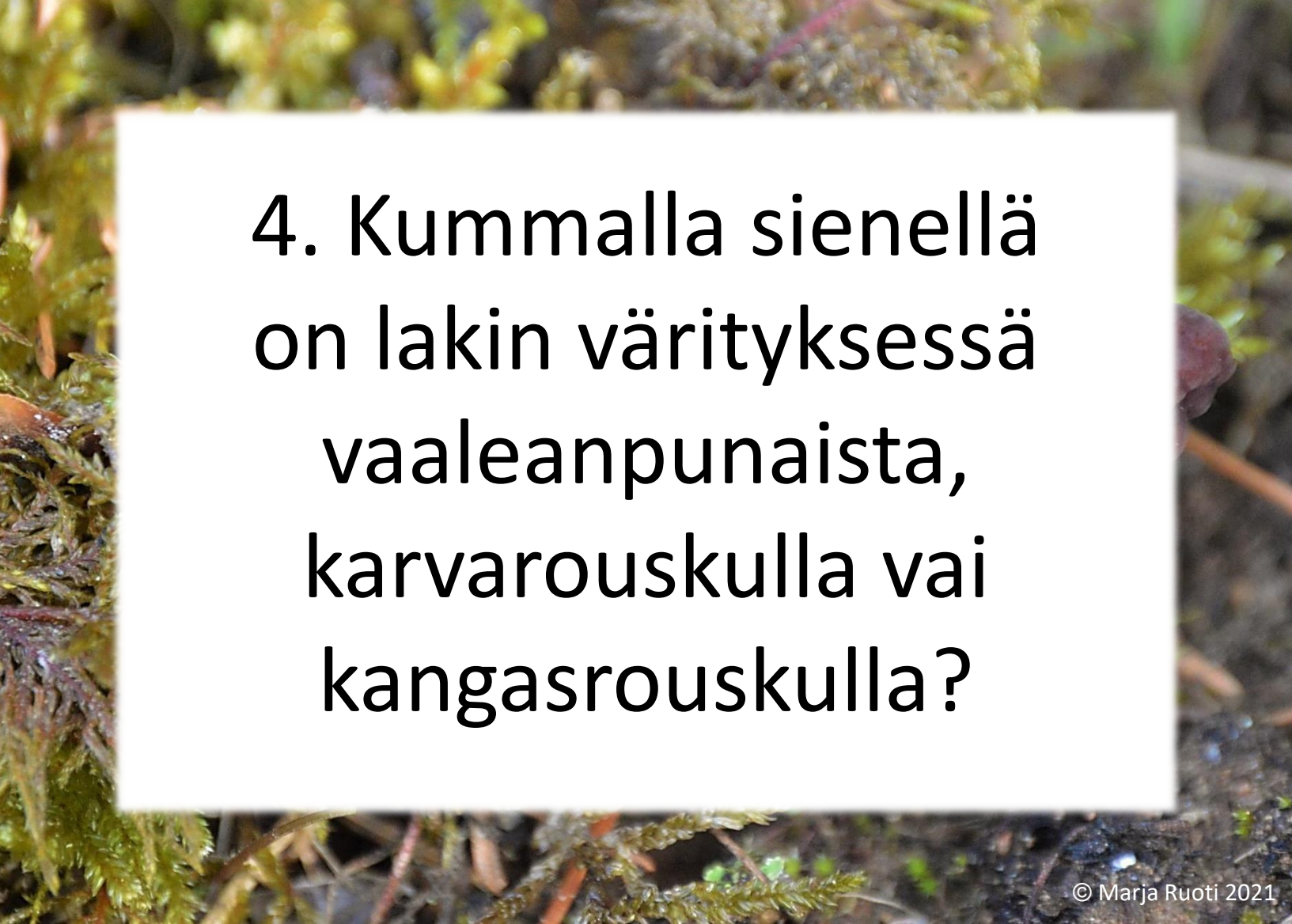
Amanita muscaria
On punakärpässien tieteellinen nimi.
Valkokärpässien on
Amanita virosa.

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of various mosses growing on a dark, textured surface. The mosses are in shades of green and brown, with some showing small, delicate structures. The lighting is soft, highlighting the intricate textures of the moss.

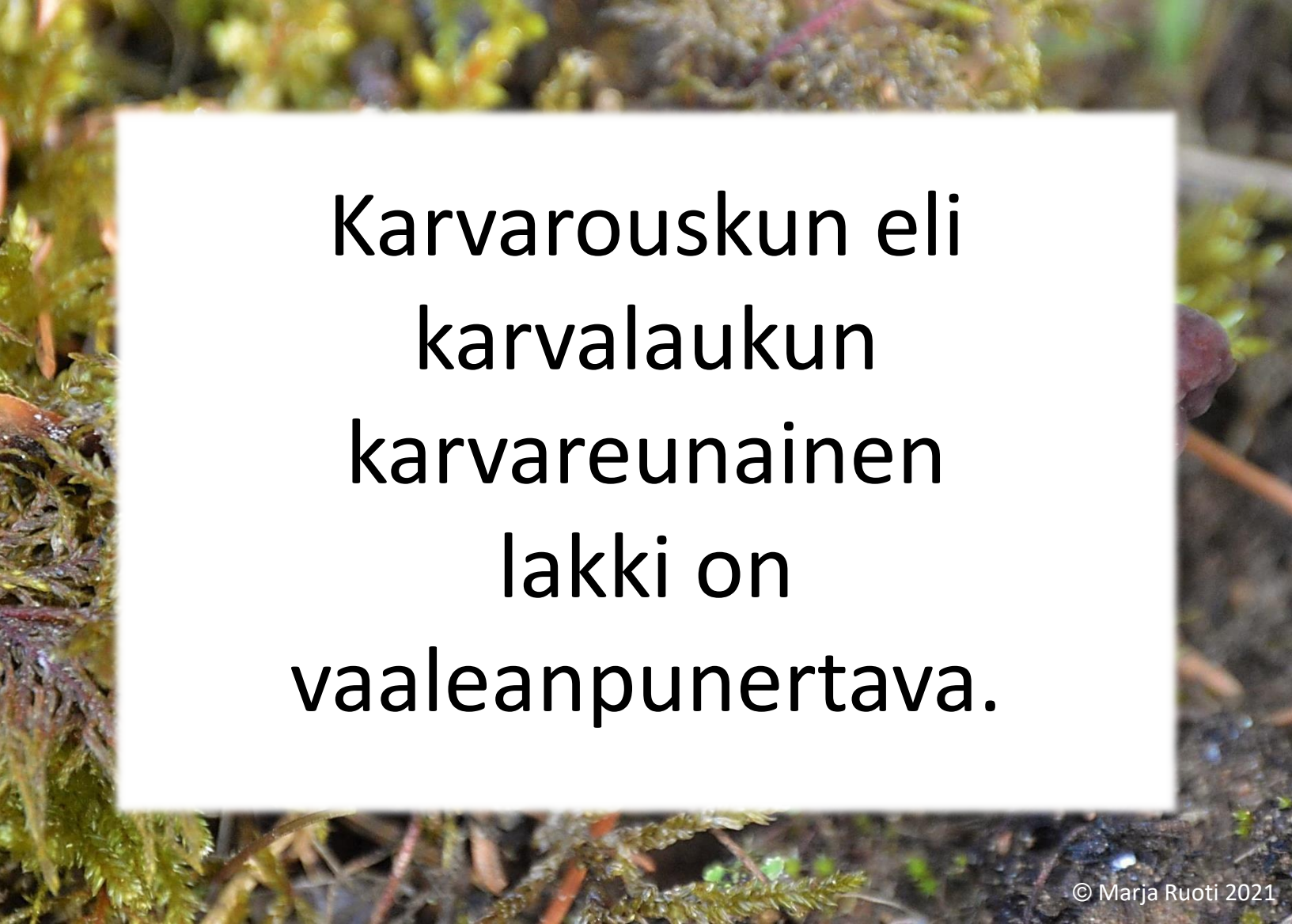
3. Kumpaa tattia
on kutsuttu
aiemmin kivitatiksi,
voitattia vai
herkkutattia?

A close-up photograph of moss, showing various shades of green and brown, with some small, dark, rounded structures. The moss is growing on a dark, textured surface, possibly soil or a rock.

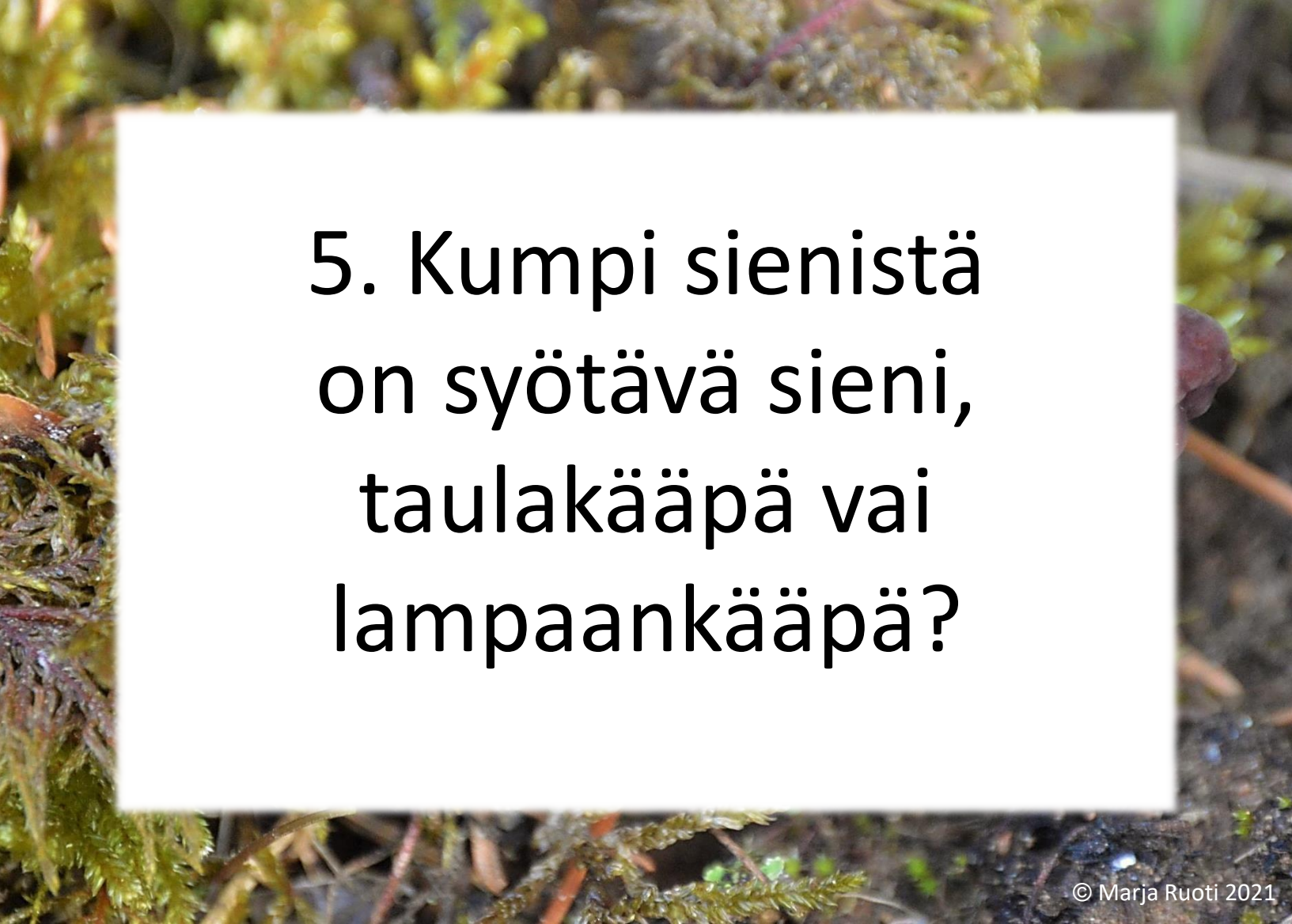
Herkkutattia on
aiemmin kutsuttu
kivitatiksi, koska nuoren
herkkutatin malto on
kiinteää ja kovaa.

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows a dense carpet of moss in various shades of green and yellow-green. Interspersed among the moss are small, dark brown twigs and pieces of dried pine needles. The lighting is soft, highlighting the texture of the moss.

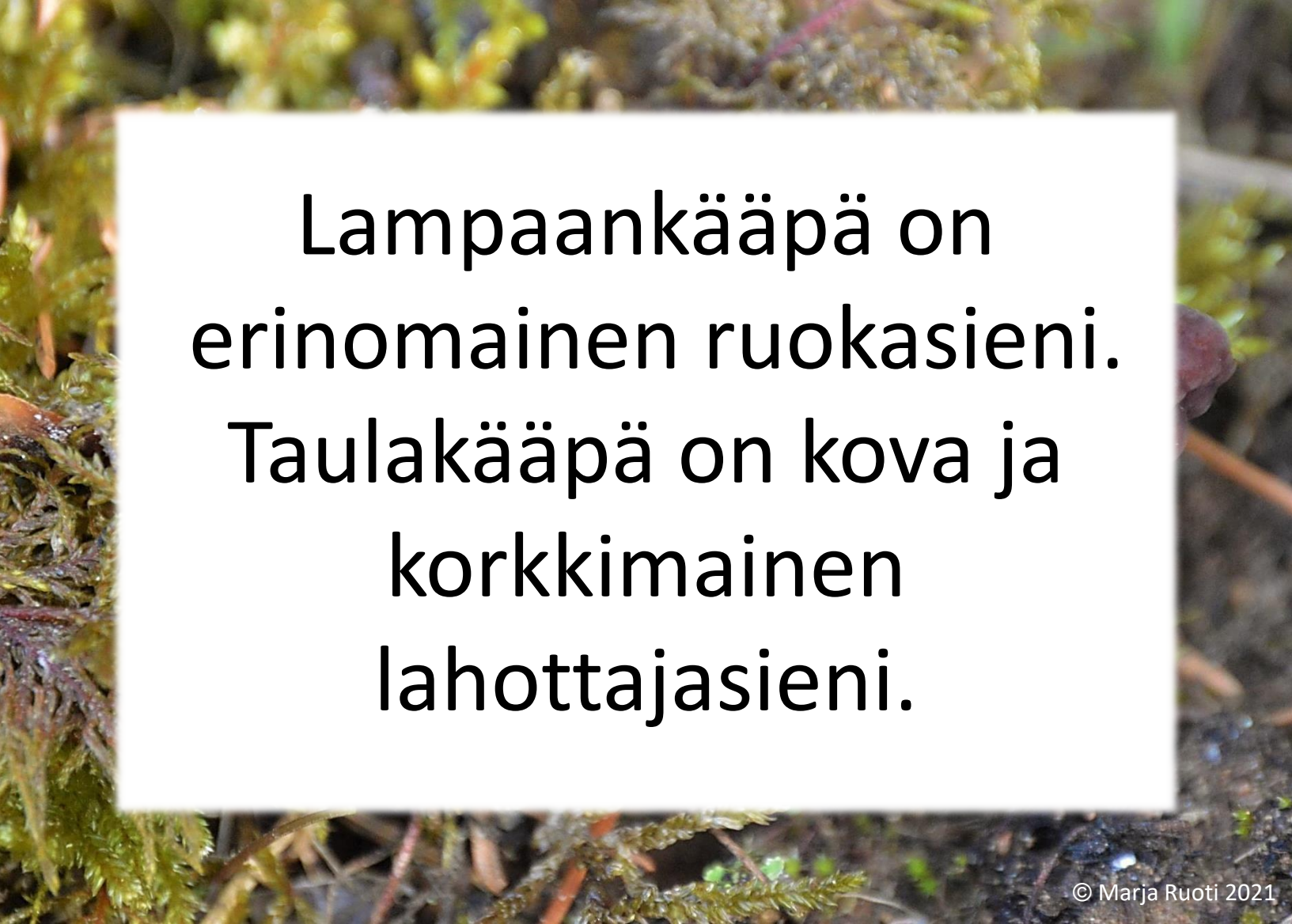
4. Kummalla sienellä
on lakin värityksessä
vaaleanpunaista,
karvarouskulla vai
kangasrouskulla?

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows various types of moss in shades of green and yellow-green, growing on dark, damp soil. Some thin, brown twigs and pine needles are scattered among the moss. The lighting is soft, highlighting the textures of the moss and the ground.

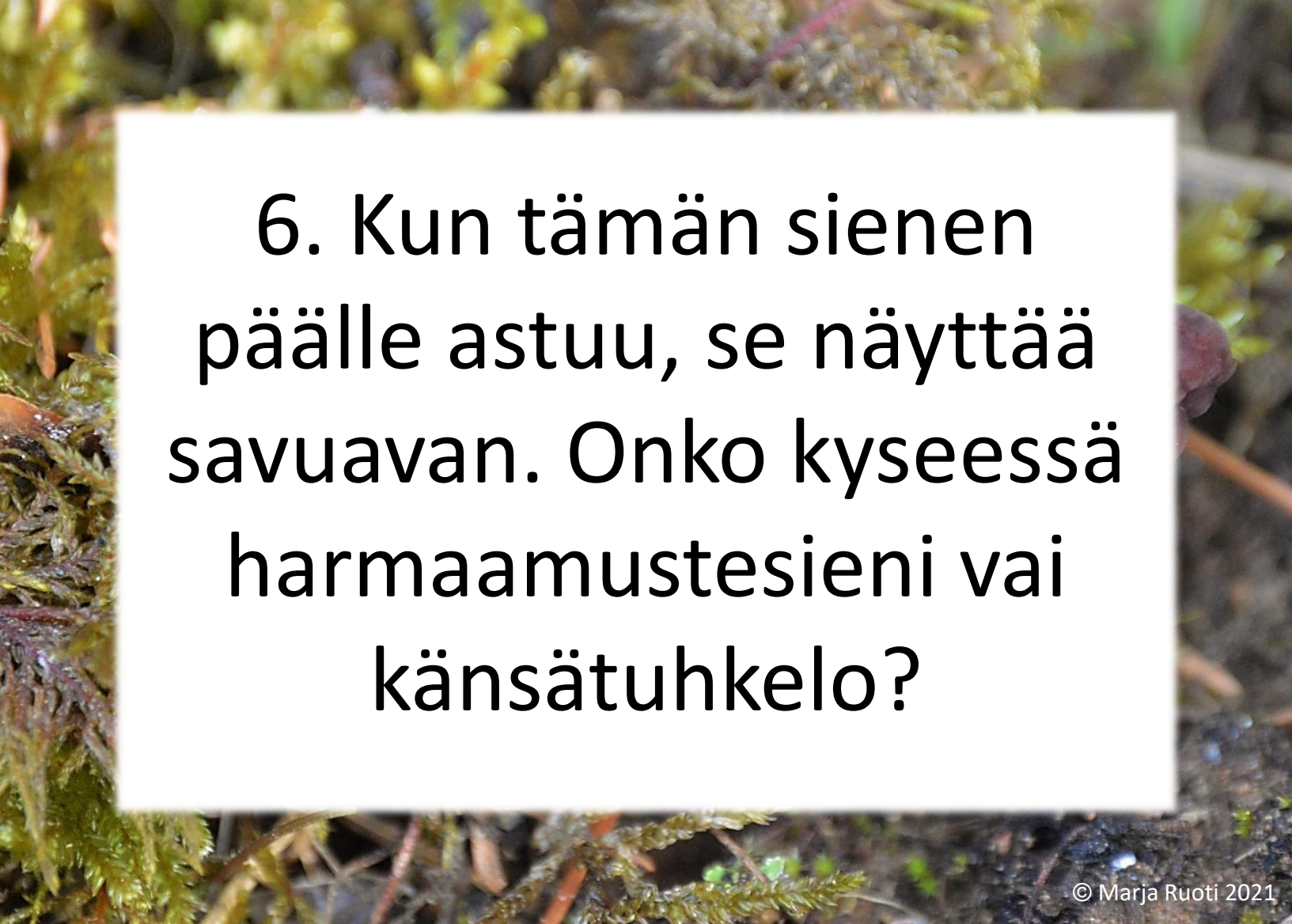
Karvarouskun eli
karvalaukun
karvareunainen
lakki on
vaaleanpunertava.

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows a dense carpet of green moss, with some brown pine needles and small twigs scattered throughout. The lighting is soft, highlighting the textures of the moss and the natural setting.

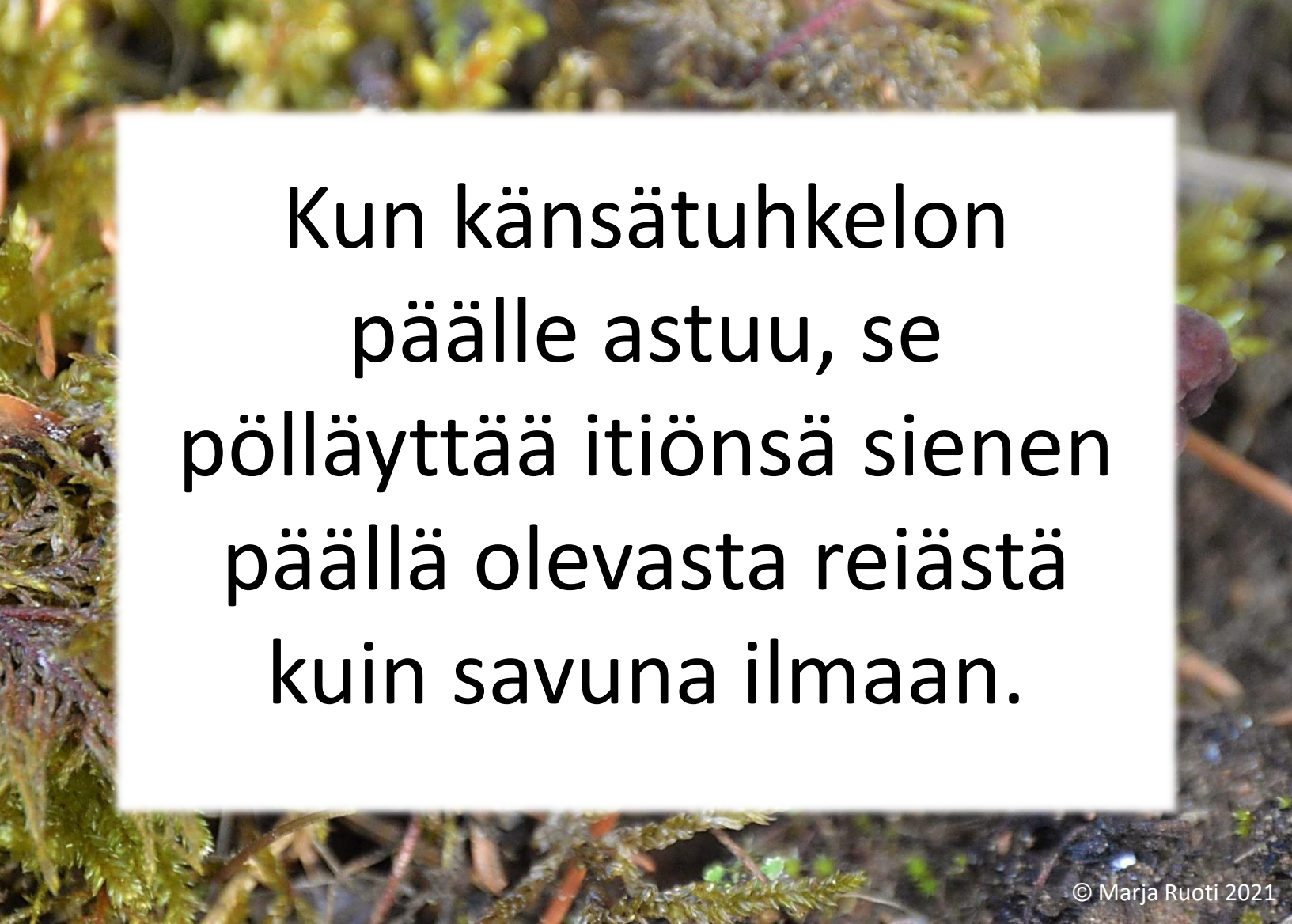
5. Kumpi sienistä
on syötävä sieni,
taulakääpä vai
lampaankääpä?

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows various types of mosses in shades of green and yellow-green, growing on dark, damp soil. Some thin, brown twigs and pine needles are scattered among the moss. The lighting is soft, highlighting the textures of the different plant life.

Lampaankääpä on
erinomainen ruokasieni.
Taulakääpä on kova ja
korkkimainen
lahottajasieni.

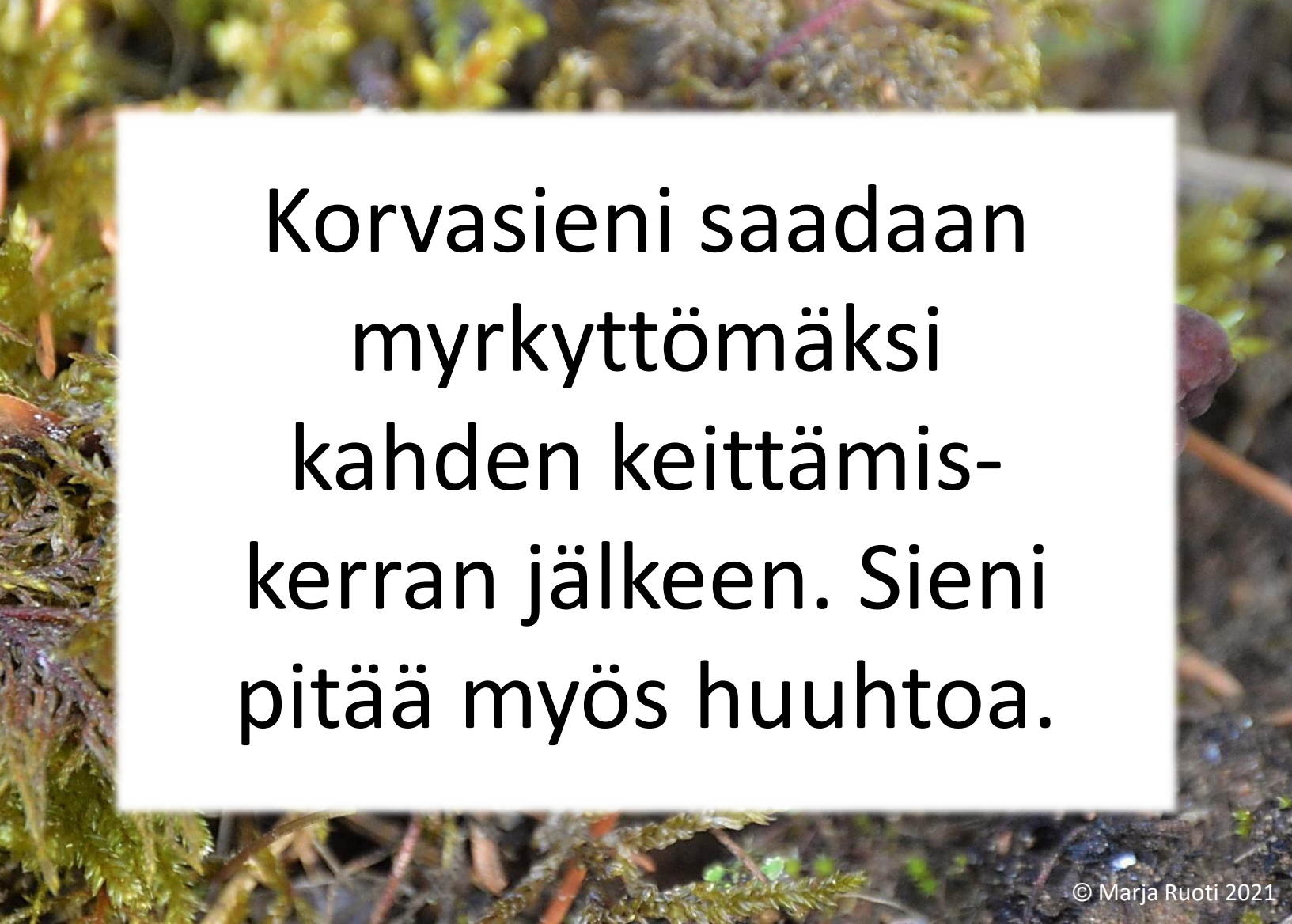


6. Kun tämän sienen
päälle astuu, se näyttää
savuavan. Onko kyseessä
harmaamustesieni vai
känsätuhkelo?

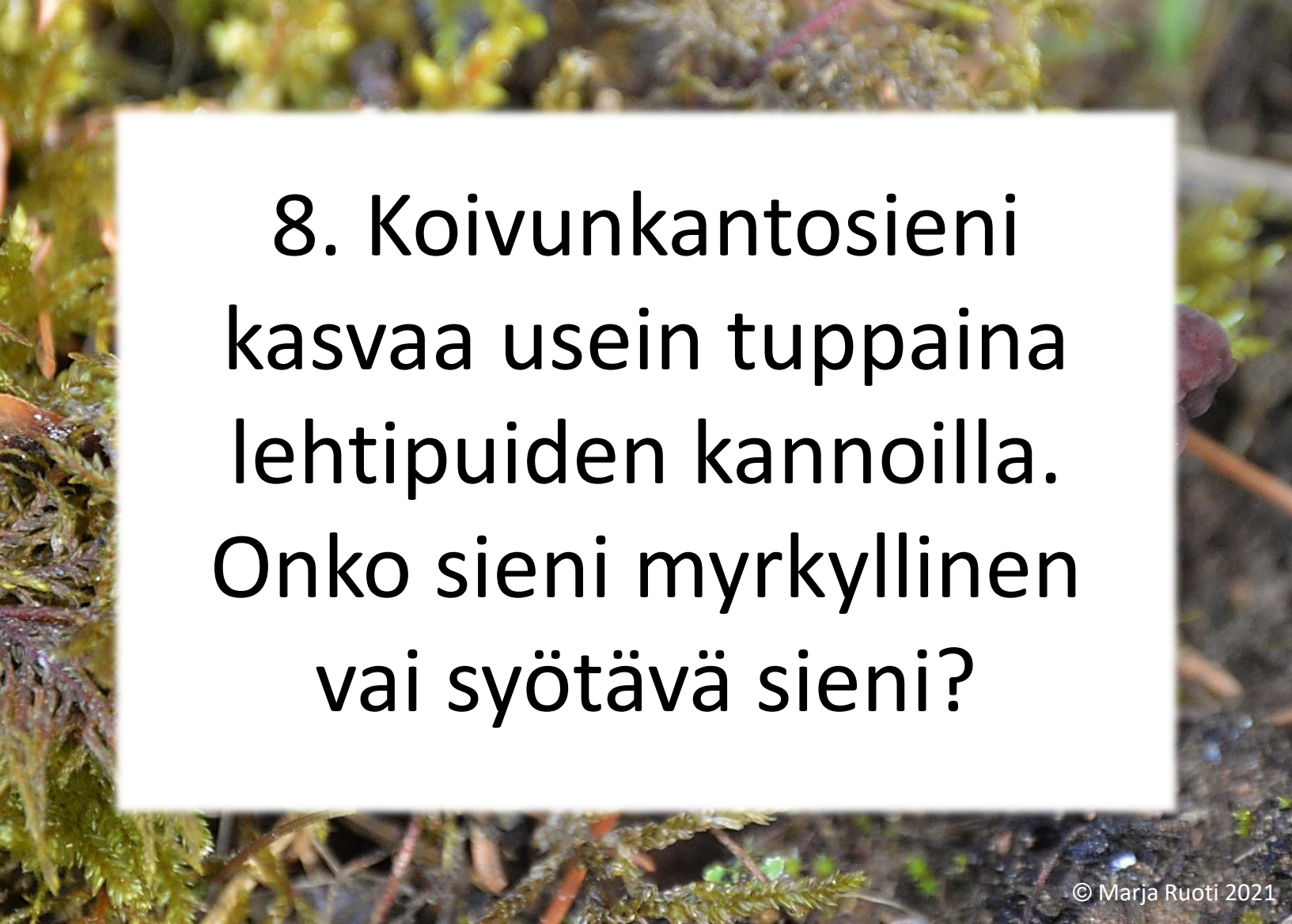
A close-up photograph of a moss-covered tree trunk. The moss is green and textured, growing on a dark brown, rough bark. A white rectangular text box is overlaid on the center of the image. The text is in a bold, black, sans-serif font. The background is slightly blurred, showing more of the moss and tree trunk.

Kun känsätuhkelon
päälle astuu, se
pölläyttää itiönsä sienen
päällä olevasta reiästä
kuin savuna ilmaan.

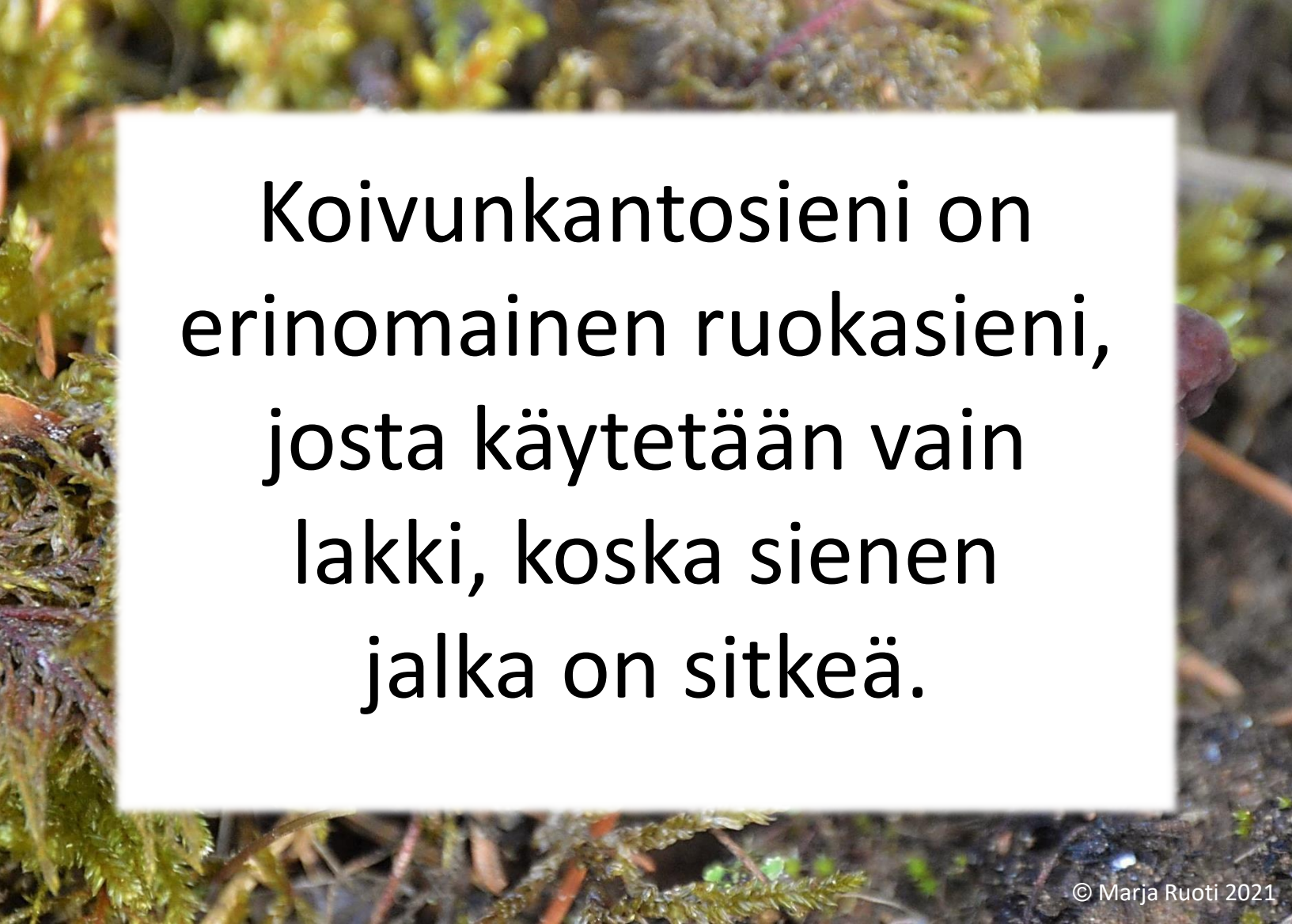
7. Saadaanko tappavan
myrkyllinen korvasieni
vaarattomaksi
yhden vai kahden
keittokerran jälkeen?

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows a dense layer of green moss growing on dark, damp soil. There are some small, brown, dried leaves and twigs scattered among the moss. The lighting is soft, highlighting the texture of the moss and the moisture on the ground.

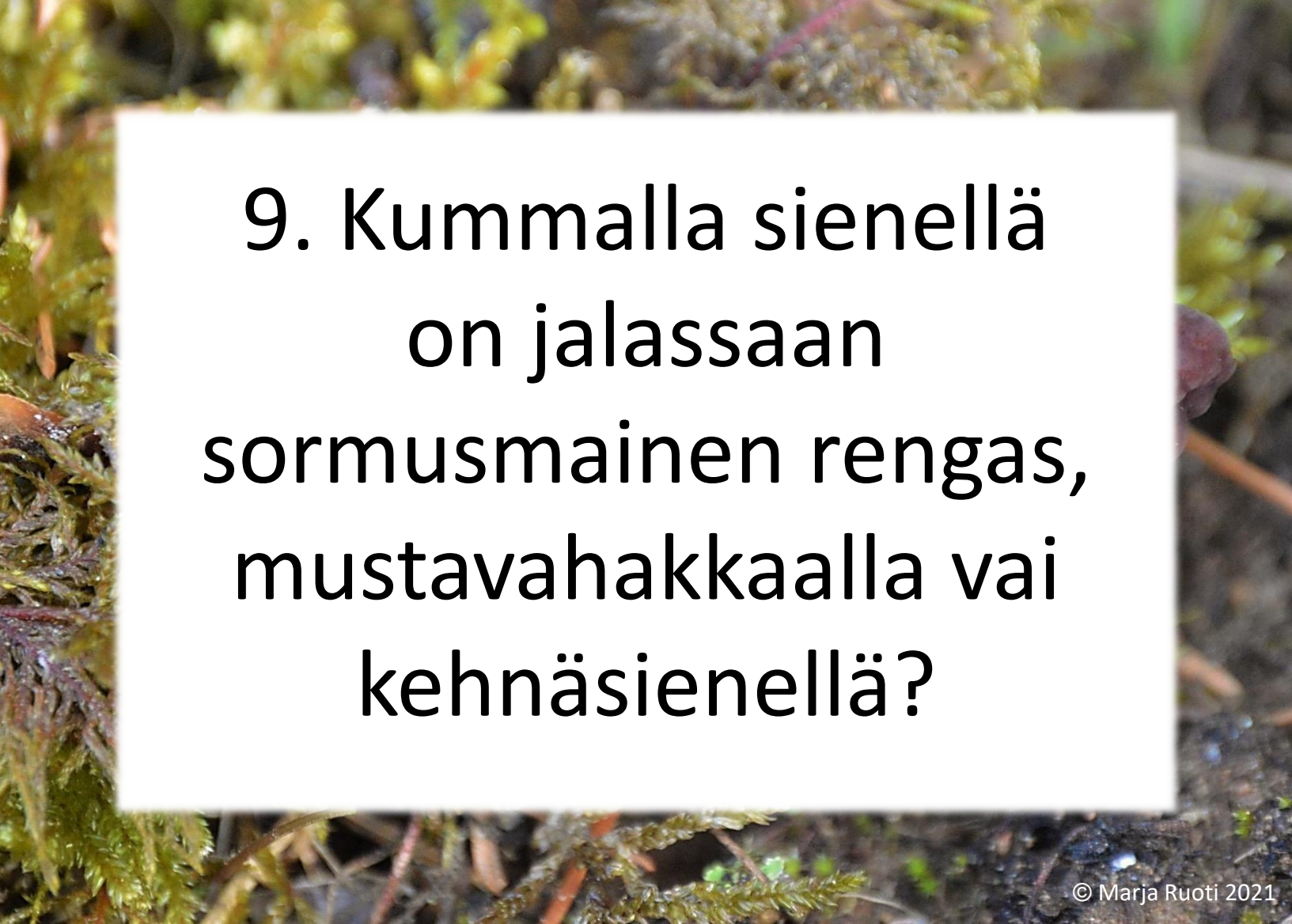
Korvasieni saadaan
myrkyttömäksi
kahden keittämis-
kerran jälkeen. Sieni
pitää myös huuhtoa.

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows a dense carpet of green moss growing over dark, damp soil. There are some small, brown, dried leaves and twigs scattered throughout the moss. The lighting is soft and natural, highlighting the texture of the moss.

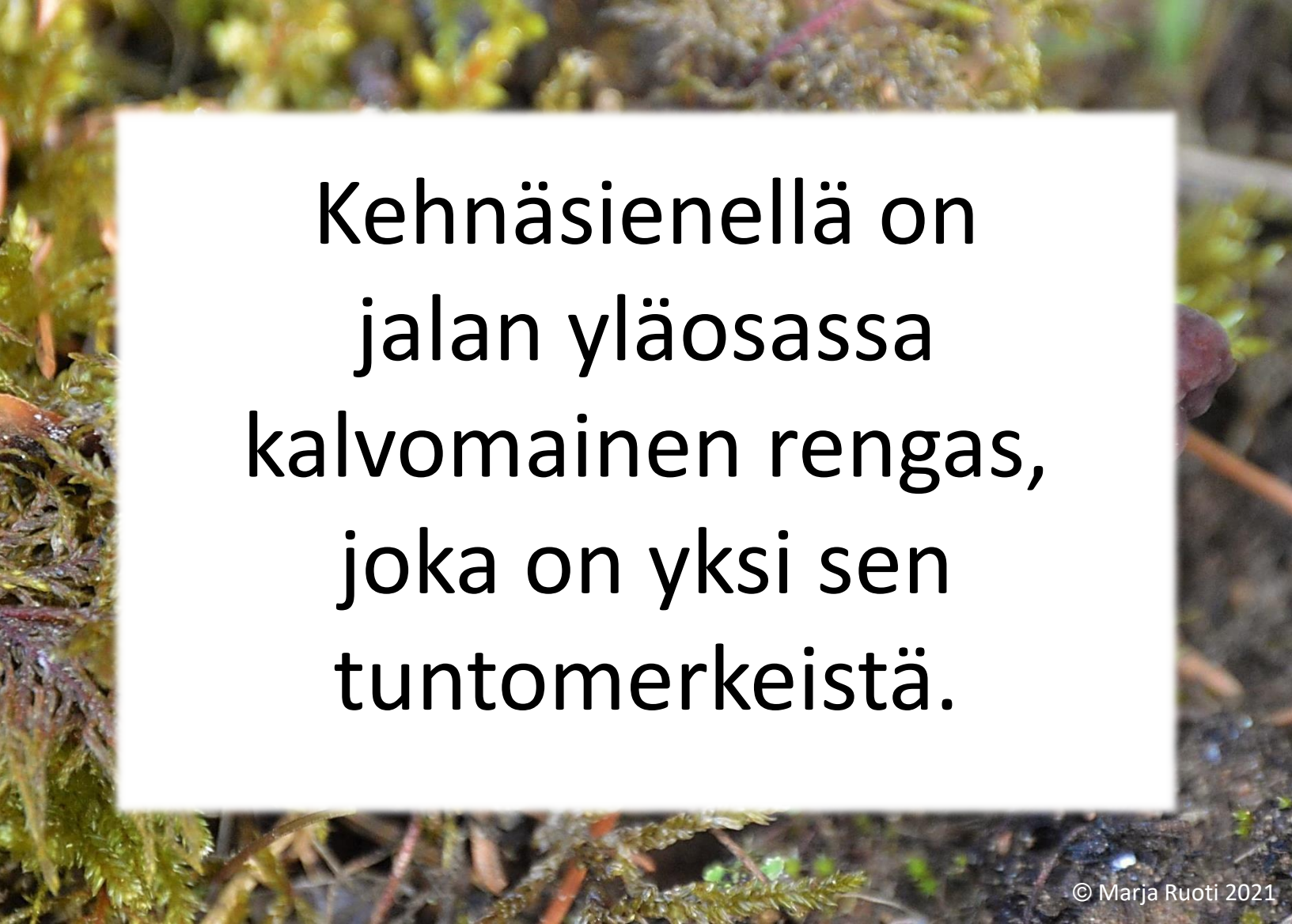
8. Koivunkantosieni
kasvaa usein tuppaina
lehtipuiden kannoilla.
Onko sieni myrkyllinen
vai syötävä sieni?

A close-up photograph of a mossy forest floor. The moss is green and yellowish, growing on a dark, damp surface. A white rectangular text box is overlaid on the center of the image. The text is in a bold, black, sans-serif font. The background is slightly blurred, showing more moss and some small, dark objects.

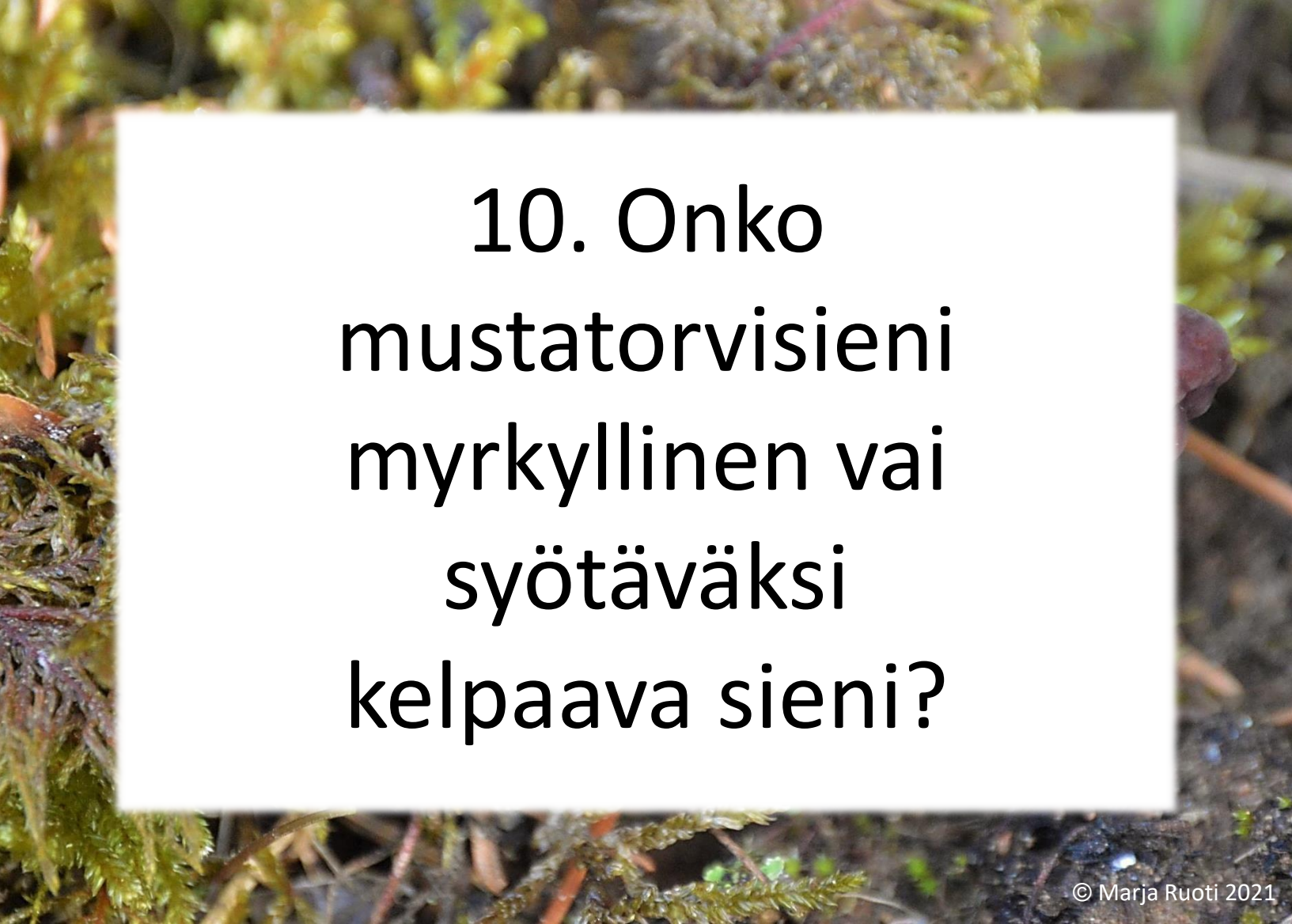
Koivunkantosieni on
erinomainen ruokasieni,
josta käytetään vain
lakki, koska sienen
jalka on sitkeä.

A close-up photograph of a forest floor covered in various types of moss. The mosses are in shades of green, yellow, and brown, growing on dark soil and small twigs. The background is slightly blurred, focusing attention on the texture of the moss.

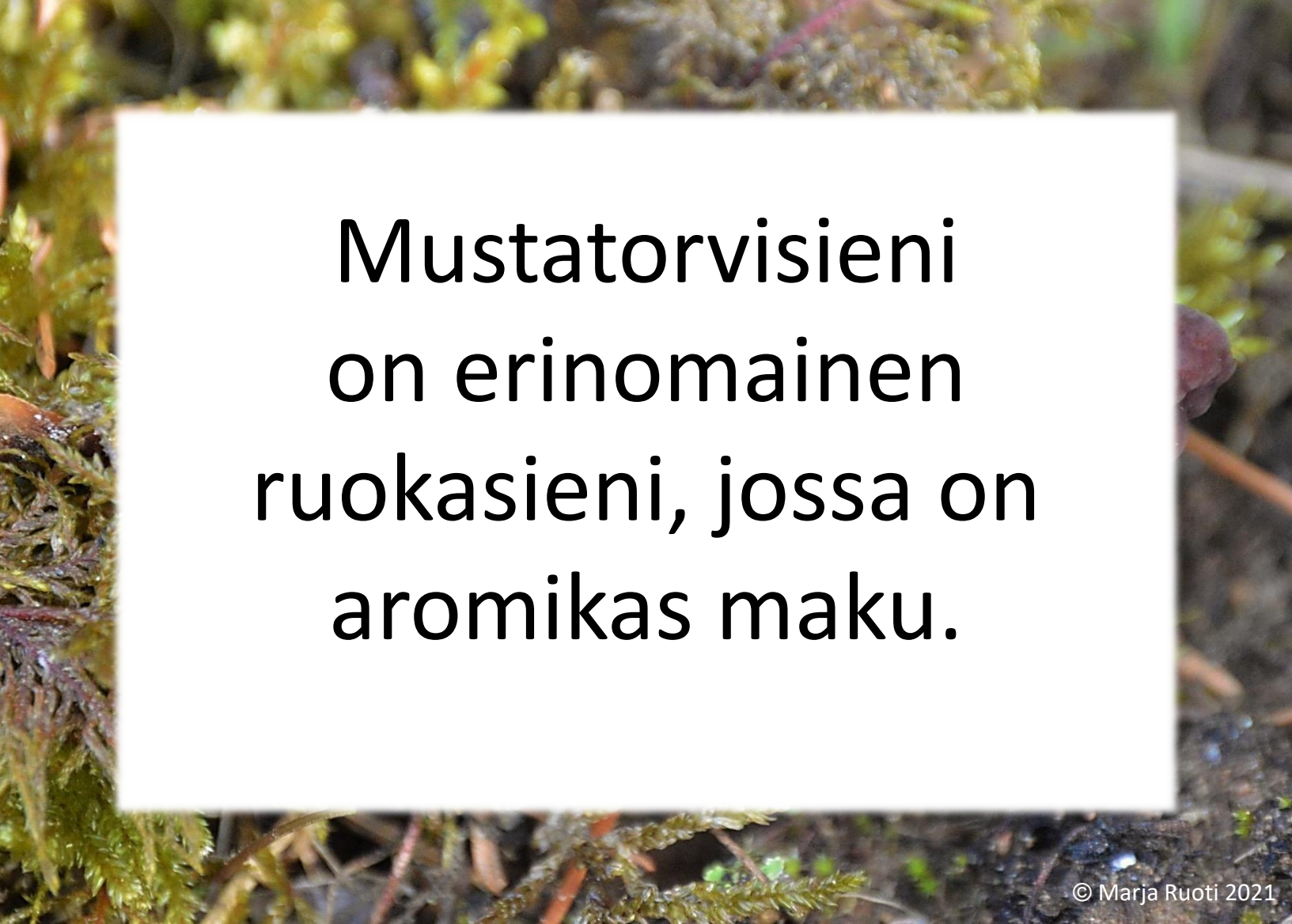
9. Kummalla sienellä
on jalassaan
sormusmainen rengas,
mustavahakkaalla vai
kehnäsienellä?



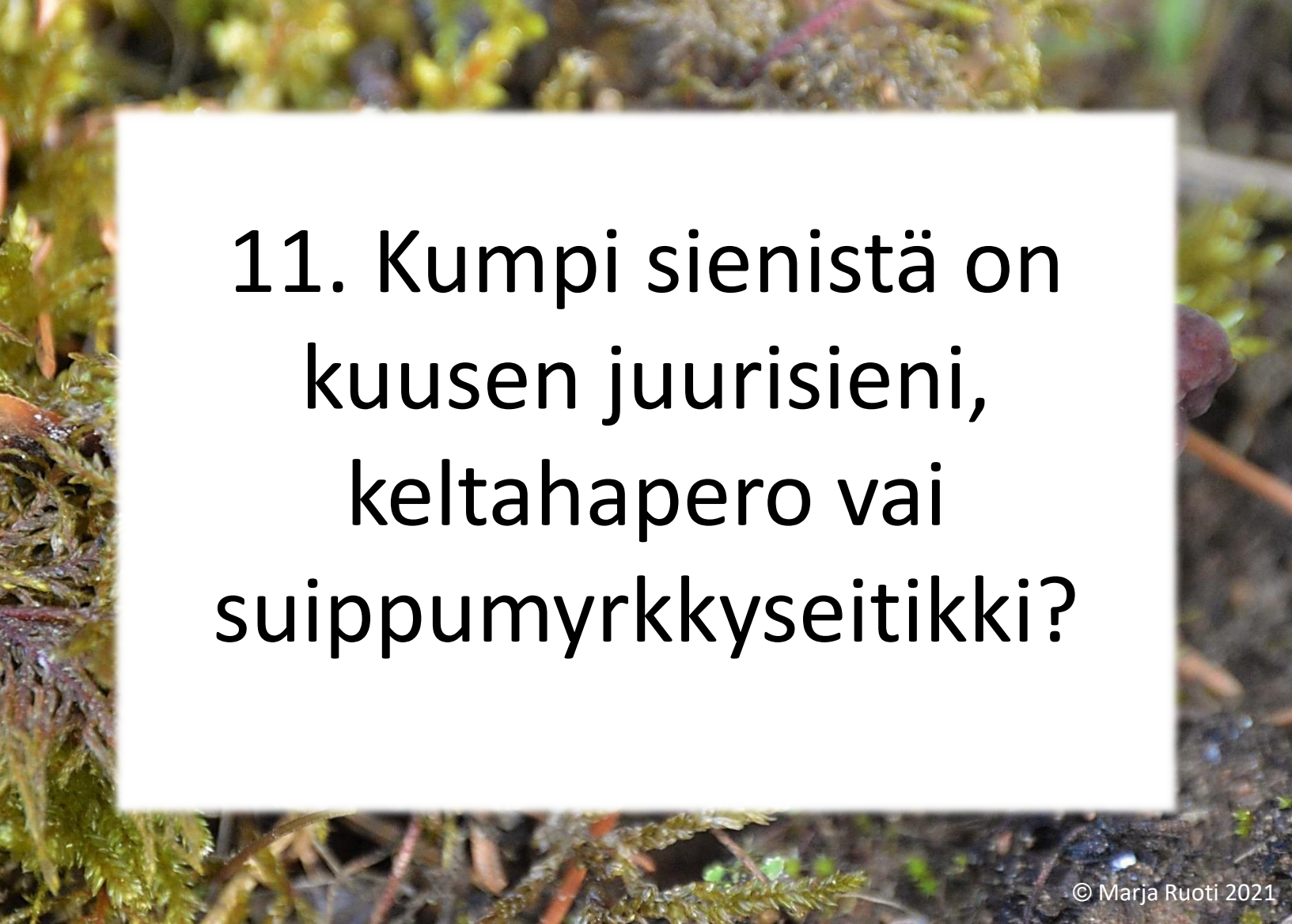
Kehnäsiienellä on
jalan yläosassa
kalvomainen rengas,
joka on yksi sen
tuntomerkeistä.

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It features various types of moss in shades of green and yellow-green, growing on dark, damp soil. Some small, reddish-brown pine needles are scattered among the moss. The lighting is soft, highlighting the textures of the moss and the ground.

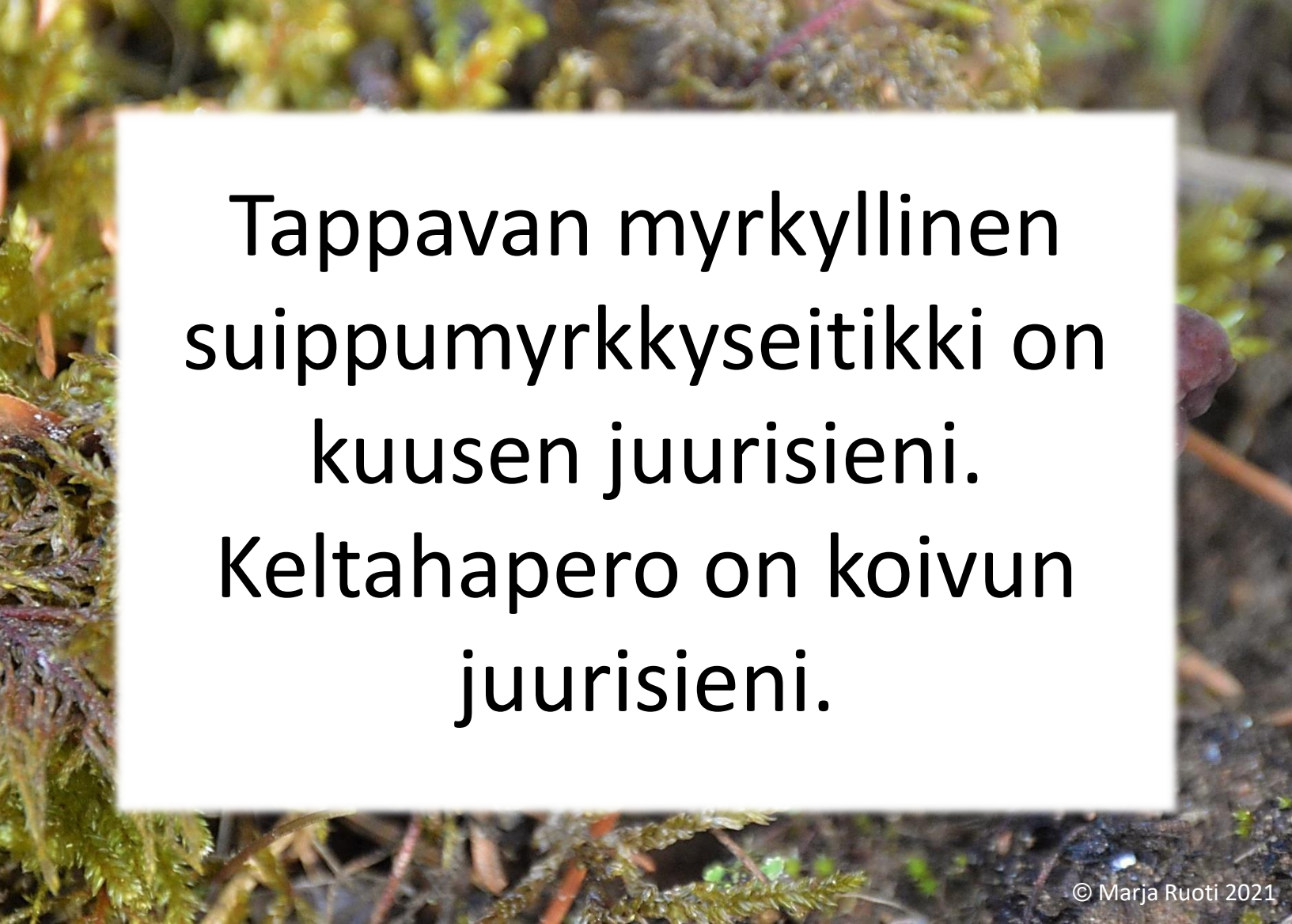
10. Onko
mustatorvisieni
myrkyllinen vai
syötäväksi
kelpaava sieni?

A close-up photograph of a forest floor covered in various types of moss. The mosses are in shades of green, yellow, and brown, with some small, dark, rounded structures visible. The background is slightly blurred, showing more of the forest floor.

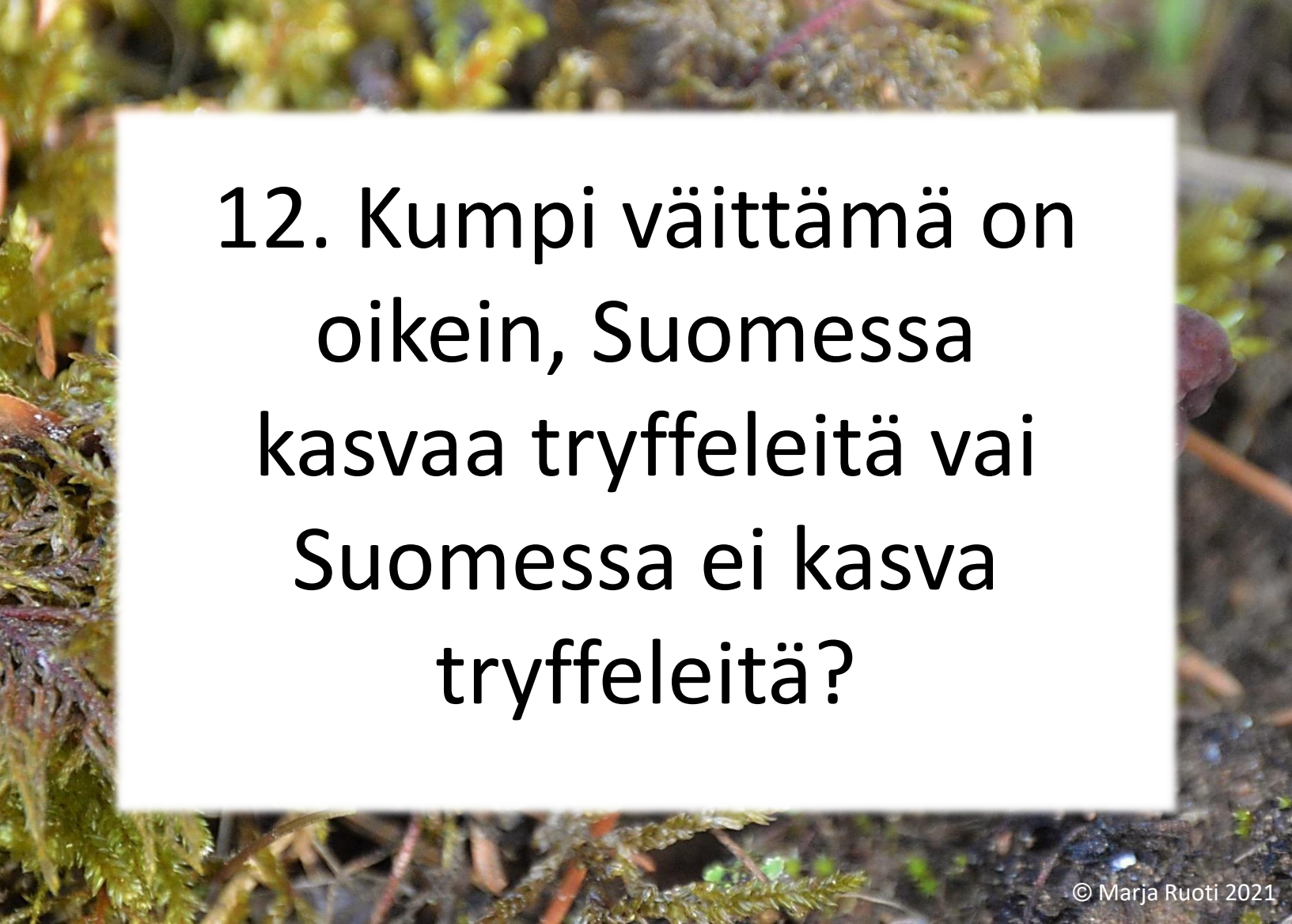
Mustatorvisieni
on erinomainen
ruokasieni, jossa on
aromikas maku.



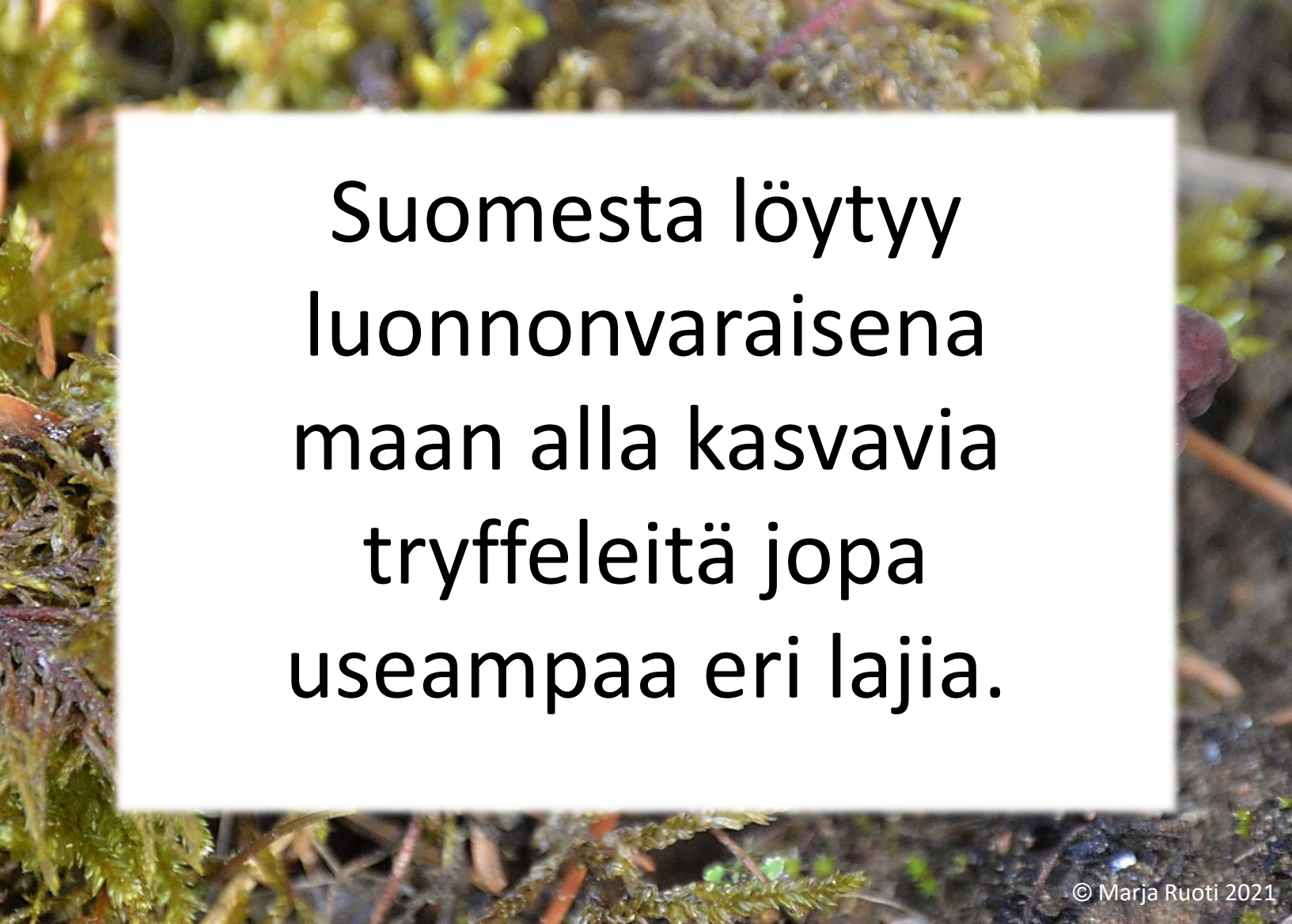
11. Kumpi sienistä on
kuusen juurisieni,
keltahapero vai
suippumyrkkyseitikki?

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows various types of moss in shades of green and yellow, growing on dark, damp soil. There are also some small, reddish-brown pine needles scattered around. The overall scene is a natural, textured environment.

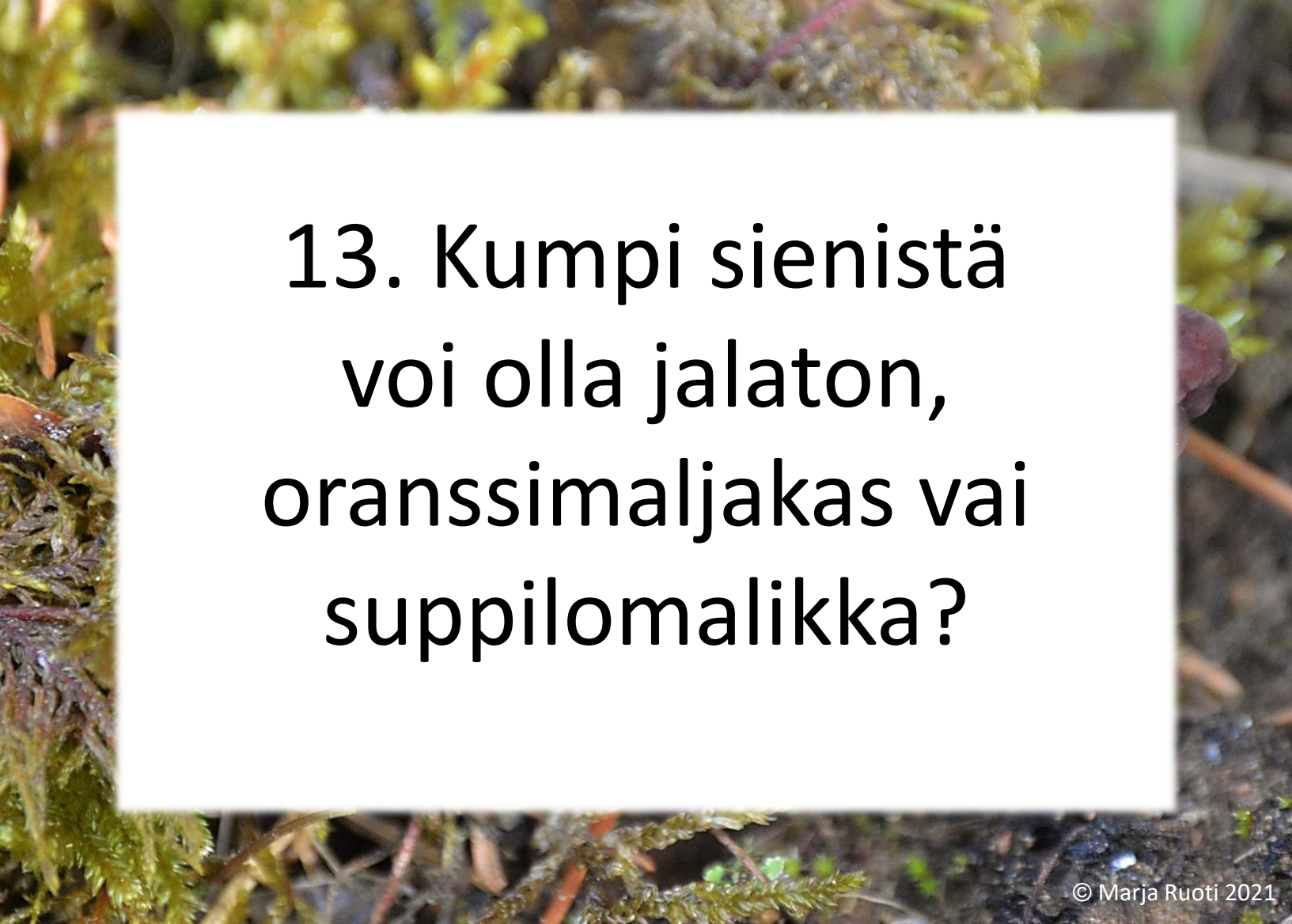
Tappavan myrkyllinen
suippumyrkkyseitikki on
kuusen juurisieni.
Keltahapero on koivun
juurisieni.

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of moss. The moss is green and appears to be growing on a dark, possibly damp surface. The lighting is soft, highlighting the texture of the moss. The text is centered on a white rectangular background that is placed over the moss image.

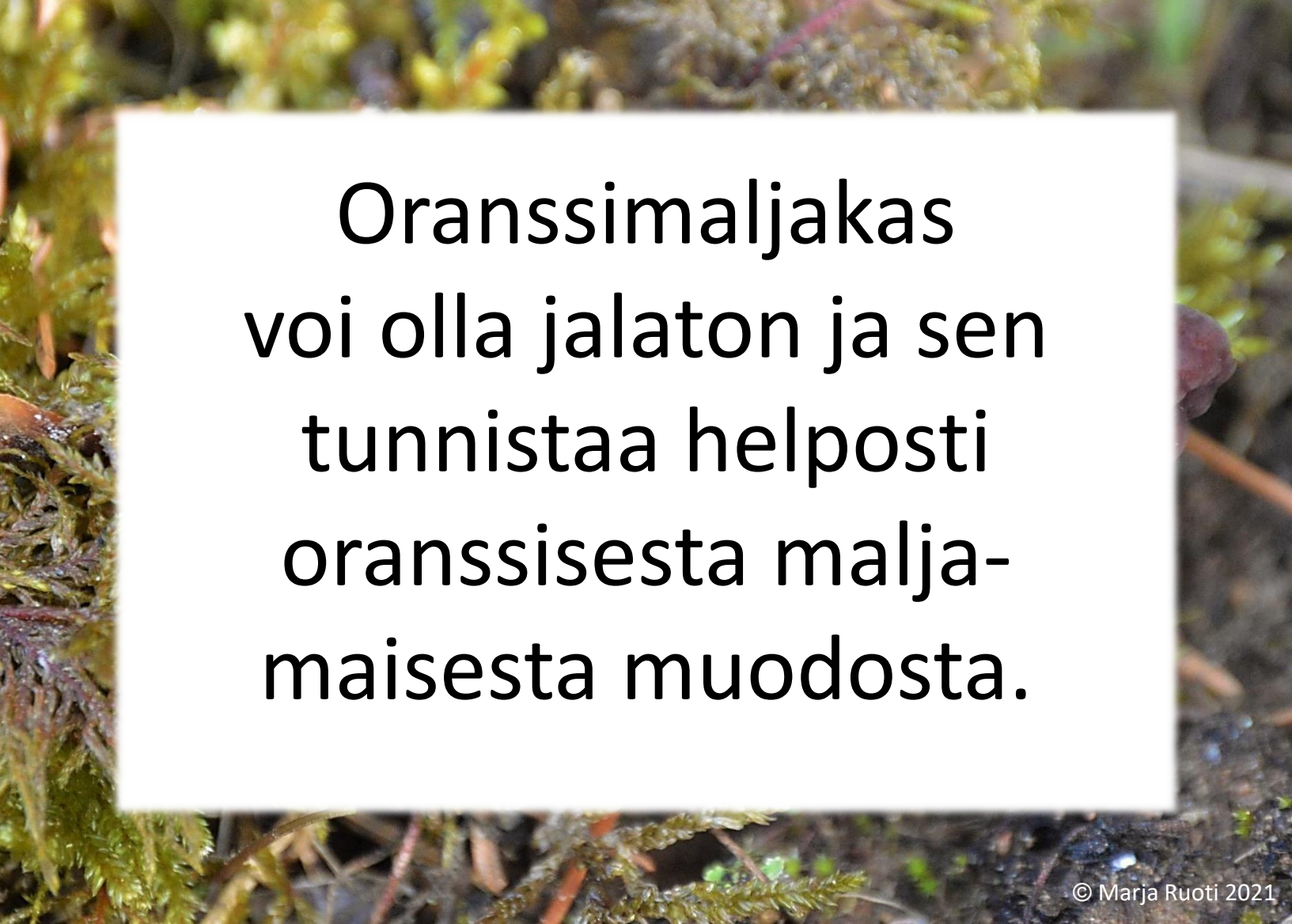
12. Kumpi väittämä on oikein, Suomessa kasvaa tryffeleitä vai Suomessa ei kasva tryffeleitä?



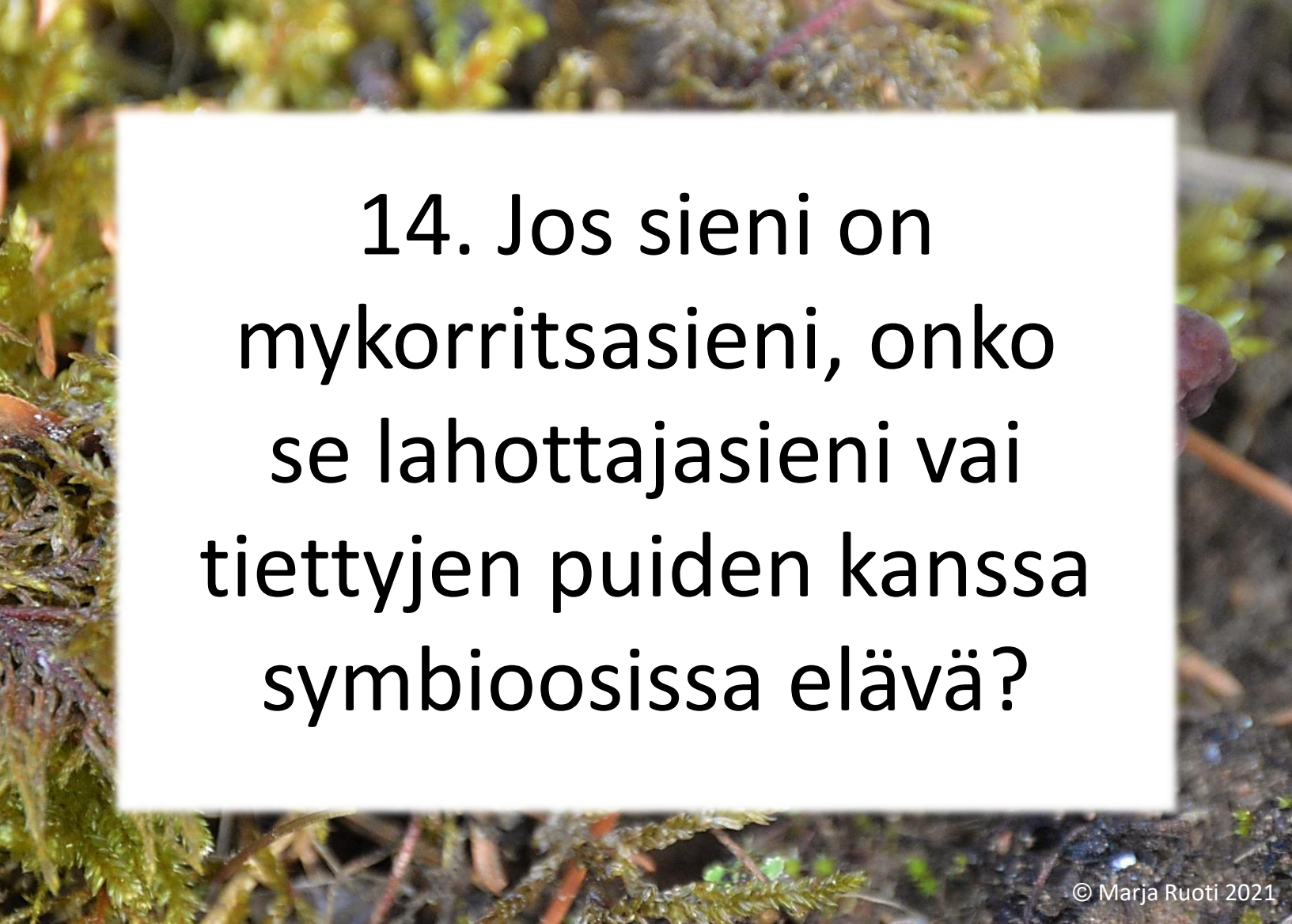
Suomesta löytyy
luonnonvaraisena
maan alla kasvavia
tryffeleitä jopa
useampaa eri lajia.

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows a dense carpet of green moss, with some brown pine needles and small twigs scattered throughout. The lighting is soft, highlighting the textures of the moss and the forest debris.

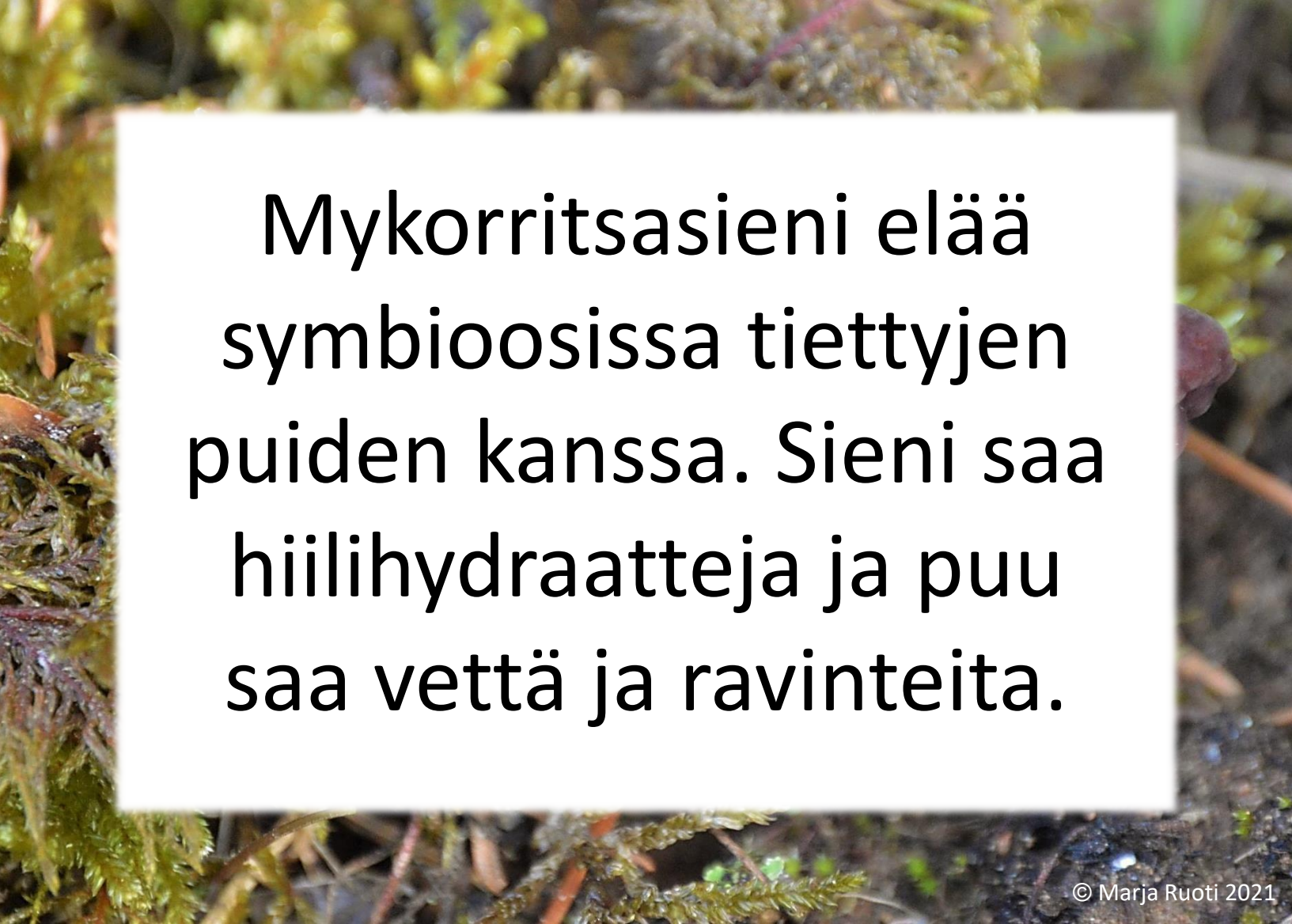
13. Kumpi sienistä
voi olla jalaton,
oranssimaljakas vai
suppilomalikka?

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows various types of moss in shades of green and yellow-green, growing on dark, damp soil. There are also some small, brown, dried plant matter or twigs scattered around. The lighting is soft, highlighting the textures of the moss and the ground.

Oranssimaljakas
voi olla jalaton ja sen
tunnistaa helposti
oranssisesta malja-
maisesta muodosta.

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a forest floor. It shows a dense carpet of green moss, with some brown pine needles and small twigs scattered throughout. The lighting is soft, highlighting the textures of the moss and the organic matter.

14. Jos sieni on
mykorrhizasieni, onko
se lahottajasieni vai
tiettyjen puiden kanssa
symbioosissa elävä?



Mykorrhitsasieni elää
symbioosissa tiettyjen
puiden kanssa. Sieni saa
hiilihydraatteja ja puu
saa vettä ja ravinteita.